If you are going to have a sale this spring leave your date, and order bills at this office. A free notice goes with all bills printed here.

The Columbian.

Everybody is welcome to a calendar for 1895, who will call at this office for it, whether they are subscribers or not. Only a few more left. Come soon.

VOL 30 BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 8. 1895. NO 10

DEATH'S HARVEST.

Andrew Jackson Evans died at his home on Third street on Thursday, February 28th, after a long illness. He was a son of Jacob Evans, and was born in Greenwood township, this county, October 22d, 1829. At the age of sixteen he went to Danville and filled a position in a clothing store as clerk. He attended schoo in Montgomery county, and then went to Philadelphia as a clerk, and later went in business for himself. About forty years ago he came back to Bloomsburg, and opened a general store on the corner of Main and Iron streets, and he has been in business at the same place until his death.

He was married to Elizabeth Appleman of Hemlock township, February 28, 1852. She survives him with the following children: Mrs. A. L. Fritz, Hannah, Andrew J., Maggie, Charles, Bessie, of Bloomsburg, and Mrs. H. A. Kemp of Benton. Two brothers also survive him, namely, Issachar Evans and Dr. J. R. Evans, both of Bloomsburg.

Mr. Evans was a man of strong convictions, morally and politically, and his store was for many years the daily resort of a circle of friends who met to discuss the questions of the day. Not long ago he became a member of the M. E. Church. For many years past he was engaged in the clothing business, for several years past the firm being Evans & Eyer. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon, and was largely attended. The services were conducted by Rev. W. G. Ferguson, assisted by Rev. P. A. Heilman.

Iram Derr died at his home in Jackson township on Thursday morning February 28th. He was born in Madison township June 4, 1811, and was therefore aged nearly eighty four. In 1843 he was elected Sheriff of this county, and in 1866 he was chosen an associate judge and served two terms. He was twice married, his first wife being Miss Leah Welliver, by whom the following children were born to him: John F., George W., Nancy K., Andrew J., Frank, Mary W., Calvin, James D., and Effie. His second wife was Mrs. Elizabeth C. Lunger, to whom he was married in 1876. The funeral was held in the Christian Church at Derrs' on Sunday afternoon, and the attendance was very large. Mrs. Derr was unable to attend, and it was reported that she was in a critical condition. John F. Derr, one of the sons, was also kept at home by severe illness.

Mrs. Iram Derr of Jackson township, whose husband was buried on Sunday, died on Tuesday night.

William Lamon died at his home in Briarcreek township last week Tuesday, aged seventy one years. He had a stroke of paralysis on the previous Friday, from which he did not rally. He filled the office of County Commissioner and treasurer each one term, and had filled every office in his township. His widow survives him, also the following children, Frank, of Central, and Mrs. Emily Beacham of Plymouth. Two children died in infancy, and Mrs. Alice Kunkle of Wilkes Barre died about a year ago.

The Berwick *Independent* of last week thus speaks of him:

"Mr. Lamon was in many ways a remarkable man. He possessed those sterling attributes which command respect among men; truth and sobriety, honesty and integrity were his leading traits. He was a gentleman by nature and his broad and liberal mind soared above all that was petty, he harbored no hatred to his fellowmen. He was pre-eminently a man who ever searched for the good qualities in others and therefore failed to find their defects.

His mind was well stored with useful knowledge and his advice and counsel were ever sought by his neighbors as his unerring judgment made him a safe counselor."

The remains of Mrs. C. A. Prentiss were brought to Bloomsburg on Monday, from New Brunswick, N. J., where she died on Friday last, aged thirty-eight years. She was a daughter of Henry Kleim, and sister of C. A. and H. F. Kleim of this town. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon at three o'clock, from the residence of Henry Summers on West Sixth Street.

Mrs. Frank Roadarmel died last Friday evening after a short illness, aged nineteen years. Her husband and one child survive her. The funeral was held on Monday afternoon, Rev. W. G. Ferguson officiating.

VASTINE—GILLASPY.

On Tuesday February 26th about fifty invited guests gathered at the home of Mrs. Charity Gillaspy near Rohrsburg. The occasion was, the marriage of Miss Ada Gillaspy to Mr. Oscar Vastine of Danville.

Mr. Willos Demott and Charles Appleman were the ushers, Miss Anna Gillaspy niece of the bride, bridesmaid, and Mr. Wilbur Demott nephew of the bride, bridegroom. Rev. Mr. Martin, Presbyterian minister of Orangeville officiated.

Promptly at twelve o'clock the wedding party entered the room, and in beautiful and impressive words the happy couple were pronounced man and wife. The bride was beautifully attired in lavender lansdowne trimmed with point lace, and carried a lovely bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaid was handsomely dressed in Cream Albatross, and carried a bouquet of pink carnations. The groom was dressed in conventional black.

After the usual congratulations the guests retired to the dining room where tables stood bending under the weight of good things waiting to be relieved by those who surrounded them. Appetites failing the guests very reluctantly left the table long before it was relieved of its great burden.

Among the number present from a distance were Mr. James Gillaspy and Miss Anna from Danville. Mr. Hoffman and wife, Riverside. Mr. Calvin Utt and wife, Hazleton, Mr. Ohl and wife, Mr. Eyer and wife, Eyersgrove. Mr. Harmon Kramer, Berwick. Mr. Moore Demott and wife, Messrs. Willos and Wilbur Demott, Millville. Mr. J. S. Campbell and wife, Master Joy Campbell, Miss Emma Vance, Orangeville. Mr. Ernest Utt and wife, Mr. E. L. Appleman and Mr. Chas. Appleman, Welliversville. Mr. Clyde Vanhorn and wife, Mr. Robert Vanhorn and wife, Mrs. Margaret Utt, Mr. Wm. Utt and wife, Messrs. Johnty and Jacob Lemons, Mrs. Eaves Patterson, Miss Mary Black, Mr. Jacob Berlin and wife, Mr. John Johnson and wife, Mrs. Samuel Mather, Miss Dora Rantz, Mr. John Gillaspy and wife, Mr. Samuel Gillaspy, Miss Mary Everitt. Mrs. Louise Traxler, all of Rohrsburg and vicinity.

The bride was the recipient of many handsome and useful presents, such as silverware, glassware, chinaware, smoothing irons, table linens, chairs, bed spreads, table spreads, lamps, fancy work, and a large handsome bible.

The wedding party left for the 5.30 train for Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre and other points, amidst showers of rice, gum shoes and the best wishes of all.

A GUEST.

THE GUESS CANDLE.

A large crowd gathered in front of J. M. Gidding & Co's. last Friday to see the guess candle lighted. W. S. Moyer, A. H. Bloom and J. C Rutter Jr. acted as a committee, to do the lighting. A great many guesses have been made, and several large glass jars are filled with them. On Sunday afternoon the candle went out, the wick being too small to consume all the wax. The flame formed a hollow which confined the melted wax so that it smothered the light. It was soon relighted and the wax cut away so as to give the wick a chance. The guessing ranges from a week to two months. The indications are that the candle will burn from ten to twelve days.

When the county statement was completed by the auditors, the county commissioners ordered it to be printed in THE COLUMBIAN, *Republican* and Benton *Argus*. For many years it has been the custom to have it published in two democratic and one republican paper in the county. The papers could not get it in time for the first issue in the month of February because there was no session of court at which it could be ordered filed, and this was necessary before its publication, and it was therefore printed in the COLUMBIAN and *Argus* three weeks in February and the first day of March, though the papers were mailed on the last day of February. The law says that it shall be published four weeks in February, and we presume this is why the *Sentinel* is saying that the commissioners selected but one paper as their official organ, and that the *Republican*, because that paper was the only one that published it four weeks in February. Had the *Sentinel* been selected as one of the papers, it would have published the statement on the same weeks as the COLUMBIAN did, as both are issued on the same days. The commissioners performed their whole duty in the matter.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

EDITOR COLUMBIAN.

The present board of County Commissioners is composed of gentlemen who appear to have but one desire so far as their official positions are concerned, and that is to transact the business of the public in the best and most economical manner. They are men of honor, honesty and integrity, and in their several homes they enjoy the respect and esteem of all their neighbors. They have given bonds in a large amount for the faithful performance of their duties, and they are bound to spend as much of their time in their office in the court house as the public business demands. Their accounts for last year have been audited, and not even their worst enemy has presumed to suggest that there is anything crooked anywhere. Why then is it that these men are maligned and misrepresented every week by one of your town papers? If public officers do anything wrong, they ought to be called to account for it, and their official conduct is a proper subject for criticism when it deserves it, but it does not seem right that they should be constantly picked at and misrepresented where there is no occasion for it, and a good many people are getting tired of it. I have heard it suggested that if they would permit themselves to be dictated to and run by the editor of the *Sentinel* the tone of that paper would be very different. I don't know how it is myself, but it looks that way to me, for when there has been a set of commissioners in office who he could control, he did not have anything to say against them. I am not a politician nor a lawyer, but I don't have much trouble to see through a mill-stone when there is a hole in it. In my section the motive for this treatment of the commissioners is well understood, and I don't think there are many people in the County who are being fooled much by these misrepresentations.

FAIR PLAY.

"Si Perkins."

Parsons (Kan.) Jan. 12, '94—The novel street parade given by the Burton-Coleman Comedy company about noon yesterday had the effect of bringing out a good audience at the opera house last night to see "Si Perkins" and those who attended were well pleased with the entertainment. The play is one of the most realistic farmer dramas ever given in the city and chuck full of funny situations. Sam Burton and Miss Coleman, assisted by an excellent company, won many well-earned encores. The music was a pleasing feature of the entertainment, the orchestra rendering many beautiful selections.

Bloomsburg Opera House, Saturday Night March 9th.

Good Times at Danville.

Business is picking up at Danville. The North Branch steel works began work again on Monday. The Danville stove works resumed Wednesday. The Structural steel plant and the Montour steel works are running on good time. Editor Thomas Chalfant, of the *Sun*, says "We opine good times from now on, providing more orders can be secured by the companies as the season advances when the mills all run, destitution is unknown and an impetus is put on other business, which contribute so much to our material sources of want and supply."

At the Pasteur Institute.

Dr. S. Y. Thompson, who accompanied Mr. Theodore Swank, who was bitten by a mad dog, to the Pasteur Institute, New York, returned yesterday. He reports of the Institute that it is commodious, finely located, facing the Park. In conversation with Dr. Thompson, the principal stated that last year he treated over 500 patients all of whom have shown no indication of the rabies. In the case of Swank he had no fear of success, nor of any other patient, when brought to the Institute in proper time before the virus becomes thoroughly innoculated through the system. The treatment requires about fifteen days.—*Danville Sun.*

Foreign Order for Wheels.

The Bloomsburg Car Mfg. Company received an order on Wednesday from the Dominion Coal Co. of Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, for two hundred car wheels. This party had formerly been using English wheels, but our people beat them in competition, and secured the order. The Bloomsburg wheels have acquired a wide reputation.

MR. HERRING'S ANSWER.

A week ago last Friday I sent for William Krickbaum, the editor of the *Sentinel*, to come to my office and retract the libellous article appearing in that day's issue of his paper. He came. I read the editorial over to him and showed him its falsity and asked him to take it back. He admitted that the editorial had not been written by himself, and agreed that he had gone too far in its publication. I produced a hastily written retraction, read it over carefully to him, and asked him to sign it. He at first declined because, he said, "That part of the article relating to Chrisman was true." For his impudence in thus adding insult to injury by reiterating his false charges I slapped him once in the face with my open hand.

I sent for William Chrisman to prove the falsity of his charges concerning him, but Krickbaum, fearing to face Chrisman, signed the retraction before Mr. Chrisman appeared. When Chrisman came to the office he told Mr. Krickbaum that I had never spoken to him on the subject of his candidacy for President of the Town Council; that I had not pledged him my support, and that so far as he knew, that I had no knowledge whatever that he desired to be a candidate.

A short time afterward while Krickbaum was still in the office, F. P. Drinker came in on business relating to the Bloomsburg Iron Company, and he also told Mr. Krickbaum that he had never had a word of conversation with me touching his candidacy for President of the Town Council, either before or after the nomination. Mr. Krickbaum then, in the presence of all these men, promised to "make it right" in the next issue of the *Sentinel* and publish a proper explanation.

Mr. Krickbaum knows that no doors were locked, and that persons visited the office at will while he was there. He knows, furthermore, that neither Mr. Rhawn, who asked him to come into the office, nor myself, ever threatened to do him bodily injury. He knows, also, that he would not have been slapped if he had refrained from repeating his false and malicious charges.

I examined the next issue of the *Sentinel* to find the promised retraction. It was not there. But in its stead appeared a torrent of personal abuse, and a malicious and false account of the interview in my office. I therefore take this earliest opportunity to publish the retraction signed by him at that time, every word of which was read over to him before he signed it, and which he signed of his own free will without any threats other than that he would be arrested for criminal libel if he refused to sign it.

In the mild retraction which he did sign he has done me but scant justice, and I am convinced that he would not begrudge even that if he could be freed from the evil associates with whom he has surrounded himself. These people are more to blame than Krickbaum himself.

GRANT HERRING.

MR. KRICKBAUM'S RETRACTION.

In regard to the editorial published in to-day's issue of the *Sentinel*, after an interview with Mr. Herring I am satisfied that I was wrong in saying that he took any part or interest in the late election.

I am informed that Mr. Herring was out of town when the nomination for Poor Director was made and had nothing to do with that nomination.

Mr. Herring says, and I believe him, that he voted three votes for Mr. Demott.

Upon better information than I had when the editorial was written, I am free to say, that in my opinion, Mr. Herring had nothing to do with the defeat of Mr. Demott.

I hereby retract, so far as Herring is concerned, any and all affiliations or combinations between him and the Republican candidate for Poor Director.

I was mistaken and misinformed as to any pledges made by Herring to Chrisman, and from conversation with both those gentleman I believe no pledges were ever made. Moreover, I am satisfied that Mr. Herring never had any knowledge of Mr. Chrisman's candidacy.

I did not intend in said article to even insinuate that Mr. Herring ever helped any one by fees at the expense of the people, nor did I mean to infer that Mr. Herring ever looked after jurors in an illegal way.

On the contrary, if any such inference can be made from the article I wholly retract the same.

I did not mean to say that Mr. Herring is a "boodler," and I know that he is not, and never intended that term to be applied to him, nor did I mean to reflect upon his honesty, and I retract all assertions reflecting upon the character of Mr. Herring for honesty and integrity.

(Signed) W. KRICKBAUM.

Bloomsburg, Pa., Feb. 22, 1895.

Witness present: W. H. RHAWN.

ORANGES SENT TO FLORIDA.

Many a Year Before the State Will Forget the Freeze of '95.

A Pomona (Cal.) special says: "This is a literal illustration of sending coals to Newcastle," said Manager Collins, of the San Antonio Fruit Exchange, of Pomona, in referring to the first of a series of carloads of Southern oranges started for St. Augustine, Fla. The freeze in Florida has caused an orange famine, and the hotel keepers there, and others who have thousands of tourists from the North, demand the fruit for their guests.

S. M. Knowles, of the Ponce de Leon, has telegraphed that not even a box of decent oranges can be had in all Florida. He has ordered the weekly shipment of a carload from Pomona Valley until further orders.

ROASTED BY THIEVES.

Bold Robbers Extort $6,000 From an Old Couple.

Jacob Shonbrick is a wealthy farmer, who lives near the Michigan line, forty miles northwest of Toledo. Late on Saturday night four masked men forced an entrance to the house, bound and gagged his wife, his two daughters and a young son, and then ordered him, at the point of a revolver, to disclose the hiding place of his money.

It was generally known in the community that some years before he had lost considerable money by a bank failure, and since that time he had no confidence in banking institutions. He refused to give any information, despite their threats.

They then built up a rousing fire in the old-fashioned cook stove, and, lifting the lids, carried him to it and held his feet and legs over the flames until they were awfully burned. He still refused to tell them the whereabouts of any money. He was again held over the flames, when he endured such awful pain the men were told to look under the carpet in the bed room where the old couple slept.

There they found some $1150 in bills. All the men but one were ready to leave, but he insisted there was more money in the house, and he proposed to have it. The old man denied the presence of any more in the building or on the premises. He was tortured until he fainted from sheer pain.

Then the old lady was treated likewise. But at first, although in terrible suffering, she denied any knowledge of the hiding place of any more money.

Again they lifted her over the fire, when she screamed that she would tell them if they only would not burn her any more. She was already so badly burned she could not walk, when they carried her, under direction to the cellar. Here she pointed out a barrel of meat and told them to move it.

Under this $5,000 in coin, mostly gold, was found in a cloth bag. Dropping her on the cold cellar floor, they hurriedly fled. The story leaked out through the 12-year old son, who told a neighbor lad. The old man will not talk, and the rumor is that the leader of the gang was a man who is acquainted with the details of a dark crime in Shonbrick's history, and that the latter fears to make any efforts toward apprehending the criminals for fear of his own safety.

At the recent spring election James H. Codding Esq, of Towanda, was elected a member of Congress from the Bradford-Wyoming-Susquehanna district for the full term of two years, in place of M. B. Wright who was elected last fall and died shortly afterwards. Mr. Codding is an able lawyer, a fluent speaker, a gentleman by birth and education, a mason of high degree, and a citizen of whom Towanda is justly proud. Several years ago he was the republican candidate for President Judge of Bradford county, but was defeated by B. M. Peck, a fusion candidate. We have enjoyed his acquaintance from early boyhood, and are pleased to note this recognition of his worth and ability. Mrs. Codding is a sister of our townsman, Mr. E. C. Wells.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

An organ advertised in THE COLUMBIAN two weeks ago, was sold within a few days afterwards, to a person who saw the notice. It pays to advertise in THE COLUMBIAN.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

R. C. Neal, of Harrisburg, spent Sunday in Bloomsburg.

Dr. and Mrs. Harry Billmeyer have gone to Waupon, Wisconsin.

Miss Stella Sober, of Harrisburg, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Dr. Bierman.

Miss May Pugh is clerking for Morris Ellenbogen.

Paul E. Wirt, Esq., has been elected a director of the Danville National Bank.

H. D. McBride and E. B. Hartman, two of Hemlock's prominent citizens, were in town on Tuesday on business.

Dr. S. B. Arment has decided to remain in Bloomsburg, and continue the practice of medicine.

Eudora, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Oswald, has been seriously ill, but is now on the road to recovery.

Mr. E. C. Wells has so far recovered from his recent illness as to be able to go out of the house on pleasant days.

Ex-sheriff Aaron Smith was in town on Saturday, and increased his reading matter by ordering the Philadelphia Weekly "Times" with the COLUMBIAN.

Our efficient assistant, Mr. I. J. Jamison, went to his home at New Columbus last Saturday quite unwell, and was unable to return this week.

Mr. Amandus L. Fritz, late of Sugarloaf dropped in upon us to advance his subscription on Saturday. He secured the premiums—the "Farm News" and a calendar. His future address will be Guava.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Manning and daughter, Myrtle, of Brighton, N. Y. attended the funeral of Judge Derr at Derrs, last Sunday. Mrs. Manning arrived there before the death of her father.

Alfred McHenry, one of Benton's leading merchants, spent Tuesday in town. He has a large and well stocked store, and although it has been enlarged within a few years, he talks of making further improvements in the spring.

Nathan Smith, of Asbury, gave us a friendly and business call on Saturday. He reported the loss of a cow for some one along the B. & S. railroad. As a premium Mr. Smith preferred the "Farm News." He also got a calender.

J. Irvin Steele of Ashland was in town on Monday. He is the editor of the Ashland "Advocate," and conducts two dailies, one at Ashland and the other at Shamokin. He has five sons in newspaper business. For several years he was President of the State Editorial Association, and is well known throughout Pennsylvania.

William L. Parks, of Jackson township, passed through town on Wednesday on his way home from Wilkes-Barre, where he had been to see his brother Andrew, who is lying in the hospital in that city. Mr. Parks says his brother is in a critical condition; his leg has been amputated once from gangrene resulting from a sore foot, and it is likely another operation will have to be performed.

W. A. Evert Esq., now occupies the room in Wirt's building recently vacated by H. V. White & Co., as a law office.

Although belonging to the minority party in the legislature, our members, Messrs. Fritz and Creasy, are taking an active part in legislation. They have each introduced several bills, and made speeches on them.

We notice from the Diocesan paper of the P. E. Church, that Bishop Rulison has made no appointment for his annual visitation to Bloomsburg. He usually comes in May. The reason for this omission is unknown to the church authorities.

We are requested to say that the footprints of the man who entered Wm. Beer's chicken coop on Saturday morning during the snow storm revealed at least the size of his feet, and that sometimes this proves to be a convicting revelation.

Samuel White, of Cambra, died last Thursday. He was a man of very gentlemanly demeanor and affable disposition, being particularly faithful in his pious devotions without being loud or obtrusive. He commanded the respect of those who knew him. Having attained a ripe age, and lived to good purpose and effect, he has, as we verily believe gone to his eternal reward.

The Welsbach light which is being introduced by Mr. S. Wigfall, agent for Bloomsburg, is giving excellent satisfaction. It gives a light equal to an incandescent, and burns only about one-third as much gas as an ordinary burner. The demand for them is great, and a large number is already in use here.

The Evangelical congregation have repurchased their church building on Fourth Street, for two hundred dollars, and necessary repairs to the amount of seven hundred dollars are being put on it. The congregation is not strong financially, and they are soliciting subscriptions to assist them in securing a comfortable place of worship. Any assistance that may be given will be worthily bestowed.

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Our State Lawmakers Making Haste Very Slowly.

WORK FOR A STEERING COMMITTEE

The Governor and Speaker Walton Decide on That Mode of Procedure—The Visit of Senator Quay and Its Probable Effect on Legislative Work.

(Special Correspondence.)

HARRISBURG, March 4.—The legislature is making progress slowly. Neither body did anything of importance the past week, and if this lack of energy continues the final adjournment will not come before the middle of the summer. In the senate a few bills passed the final stage, the most important being the Marshall pipe line repeal bill and the measure creating a department of agriculture. In the house the entire week was given up to useless debate and petty wrangles over trifles. The Farr compulsory education bill and bills decreasing the salaries of district attorneys and changing the poor system of the state so as to prevent counties not having poorhouses from "farming out" their poor to neighboring counties passed second reading after much debate. The need of a wise, clear headed and honest leader in the house is more apparent daily, and unless something is done very soon there will be trouble.

Governor Hastings realizes this and has decided that the only hope of accomplishing anything is to have a steering committee to direct its affairs. The governor had a conference last week with Speaker Walton, at which the situation was carefully discussed, and it was decided that such a committee was absolutely indispensible, and Mr. Walton will appoint the committee during the week. A resolution will be considered this evening that the legislature adjourn sine die on April 25. It was offered by Mr. Niles, of Tioga, a member of the rules committee, but there isn't the least doubt but that it will be overwhelmingly defeated. If the calendars are to be cleared of the bills now on them the legislature cannot possibly get away before the first week in June.

The New Revenue Bill.

The house ways and means committee is giving three hearings a week on the new revenue bill drafted by the state tax conference. The manufacturers and domestic building and loan associations are opposed to the proposition, and it looks now as if it will never pass second reading. It would be great relief to the agriculture classes if it were to become a law, and at the same time a burden to the manufacturers. The bill transfers to the counties the whole of the proceeds of the personal property tax, of which the counties now get only three-fourths, and the tax upon vehicles, all mercantile licenses, peddlers' licenses, taxes upon the fees and emoluments of county officers, and upon original writs. It transfers to the boroughs and townships the taxes upon horses and cattle more than 4 years old, the license fees of billiard rooms, pool rooms and theaters.

The effect of the revenues will be that about $1,450,000 will be diverted from the state to counties and minor civil divisions. This deficit in the revenues will be met by an increase in the taxes from corporations in 1896, when the bill goes into effect, of $750,000. The increase in the taxation of banks will be about $50,000 by the taking away of the option. The tax on building and loan associations will be $100,000; on manufacturing and other corporations, $250,000, and from various other sources $100,000 more, leaving an actual deficit of only about $200,000. It is estimated that the increase in the number of corportions, and in their value resulting in increased taxes will more than wipe out this deficit.

The house general judiciary committee is wrestling with a civil reform bill, which was introduced by Mr. Moore, of Chester, by request of the State Civil Service Reform association. The measure is patterned after the United States law, and puts all state and many county employes under civil service rules. A commission of three is provided to make the necessary examinations.

Secretary Lee, of the state board of health, was in the city last week lobbying for the bill allowing the board discretion as to the use to be made of the money to be appropriated to it. As the law now stands the money is appropriated for specific purposes, and no matter how urgent the need the board is unable to use a surplus in one branch of its work to make good a deficiency in another. The amount of the appropriation will be embodied in a bill which will be introduced in the house and has not yet been decided upon. It has been agreed, however, that the salary of the secretary shall be raised from $2,000 to $3,000. Five thousand was asked for, but the amount was cut down to $3,000. Pennsylvania's appropriation to the board the past two years for all purposes was $6,000. Massachusetts appropriates $49,000, New York, $30,000; New Jersey, $16,000; Maryland, $13,000, and Alabama, Illinois and Minnesota, $9,000.

May Veto the "Bird Book" Bill.

Governor Hastings has not yet disposed of the "bird book" bill, which has been on his desk since last Tuesday. Those who speak by authority say he has decided to veto the measure on the ground that the public revenues are not sufficient to warrant an expenditure of $25,000 or $30,000 for the publication of a picture book. State Ornithologist Warren, by whom the book will be prepared, should the bill become a law, has submitted to the governor estimates of the cost, which show that it cannot be printed for less than $25,000. The grangers are urging the governor to approve the bill.

The bill prohibiting teachers from wearing a religious garb of any kind in the public schools has been read the first time in the house, and will be considered on second reading next Wednesday, and third reading and final passage the following Tuesday. The Democrats are opposed to the proposition, and claim that if it becomes a law it will drive out of the public schools the Mennonites, Dunkards and Amish children, many of whom are taught by teachers of their own religious belief, who wear the plain frock and white head dress. The Democrats are also fighting the compulsory education bill, but they are too weak to prevent the passage of either of the bills.

Speaker Walton is being urged for city solicitor of Philadelphia to succeed Mayor-elect Warwick. Should he be successful he will have to resign from the legislature, and in that event Representative Kunkel, the brainy young leader of Dauphin county, will probably be chosen his successor. By common consent Mr. Kunkel is the best lawyer and the most forceful debater and cogent reasoner in the house. He has frequently been called to the chair during [illegible] Walton, and has displayed the tact and ability that go to make a splendid presiding officer. Mr. Kunkel was tendered the chairmanship of the general judiciary committee at the organization of the house, but he declared in favor of Representative Niles, of Tioga, to take the head of the committee on insurance.

Commissioner of Banking Gilkeson has not yet announced the appointment of his deputy. There are many applicants for the place, but it is generally conceded that ex-State Treasurer Morrison can have it for the asking. He was an applicant for the commissionership. George G. Hutchinson, of Huntingdon, one of the foremost grangers in the state and a former sergeant-at-arms of the senate, is being urged for the appointment of deputy secretary of agriculture under the bill creating the department of agriculture.

A Popular Legislator.

Dr. Parcels, of Mifflin, is one of the few practicing physicians in the legislature. He is frequently called upon to prescribe for one of his colleagues who has been taken ill suddenly or meets with a slight accident, and has always responded cheerfully. He is one of the most skillful physicians in central Pennsylvania, and the proof of his popularity at home is shown by his election last November over one of the leading Republicans in a county with a normal Republican majority of 500. Dr. Parcels was elected with over 200 votes to spare. He is one of the best talkers in the house, and is rarely absent from his seat.

A bill has been introduced in the house by Representative Martin, of Mercer, to create public employment offices under the care of the bureau of industrial statistics. The bill provides that it shall be the duty of the chief of the bureau to establish a public employment office in each congressional district and employ a superintendent for each of these offices. The superintendents shall post in front of their offices the words "public employment office," and shall receive applications for labor and make a careful record of each. They may employ clerical assistants and are prohibited from receiving compensation or fees from persons seeking employment. The superintendents are required to make report every Tuesday to the commissioner of all applicants and persons securing employment through their office. A list of applicants and the character of employment desired by them is to be printed weekly by the superintendents and mailed every Saturday to each other, to be posted in the respective offices for public inspection. The superintendents shall also collect such labor statistics as the commissioner may direct. The commissioner is to receive a salary of $2,000 annually, the superintendents $1,200 each and the clerks not more than $50 a month.

State Treasurer Jackson has prepared a statement, in response to the request of Representative Lawrence, of Washington, showing that the Pennsylvania state college has received since 1878 in all, from the state and national governments, $1,292,120. The total appropriations from the state foot up $757,120. The college received from the sale of public lands $450,000, which was loaned to the state at 6 per cent. Under an act of congress of 1890 the college has received from the United States government $85,000. The income from this source will soon be $25,000 a year.

The Coming of Senator Quay.

Senator Quay is expected here tomorrow evening for a two days' visit, and during that time it will be definitely decided whether a senate committee is to be appointed to investigate the Philadelphia municipal departments or not. If the arguments of Senator Penrose, Magistrate Durham and others have any weight with Quay, the committee will be appointed. Should Senator Quay, however, decide to accept the more conservative advice of the various business interests, plans will be perfected for a vigorous fight on other lines.

Much interest is also being manifested in the prospective interview between Senator Quay and Governor Hastings, and nobody doubts but that the two will work in perfect harmony. The report from Pittsburg of the alleged deal between the governor, Chris Magee and David Martin to turn down Quay and Cameron is ridiculed by well informed people at the capital. General Hastings was first publicly named for the Republican nomination for president in 1896 by Cyrus G. Derr, on the stage of the Academy of Music in Reading, when the Hastings spellbinders were in that city last September, and since then his friends have frequently suggested him for that honor. Governor Hastings would be more than human if, under the circumstances, he escaped the buzzing of the presidential bee; but with Senator Quay opposed to him he might as well give up all ambitions in that line at once.

Nobody understands the political situation better than Governor Hastings, and he is not knowingly going to make an enemy of Quay, who, outside of the presidential aspect, could hardly harass the governor through his control of the legislature. Not a single appointment objectionable to Senator Quay could come within a mile of confirmation by the senate.

The two days to be spent by Senator Quay in this city will be busy ones, for the Philadelphia fight is but one of many matters which will be brought before him for his decision. One of the hottest fights is being waged over the bill to create the new county out of portions of Schuylkill and Luzerne, and both sides have been endeavoring to secure the Quay influence, but that gentleman has thus far refused to commit himself one way or the other in the fight. His influence will also be sought on the judges retirement bill, which is on the second reading calendar in the house. When it seemed assured that the measure could not pass Senator Grady introduced the bill for the additional court in Philadelphia. Since then, however, there have been some changes in the house, and with a word from Quay it is believed that the bill could easily pass. WANBAUGH.

Fraudulent Naturalization Papers.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 4.—It has just been discovered that a large number of fraudulent naturalization papers were used in the February election. In one district over eighty of the papers were given to aliens. The name of Clerk of the Courts Leeskton was forged and the seal of the county was obtained in some manner unknown to the officials. Some prominent politicians are implicated. Arrests will follow.

Arrested for Robbery.

YORK, Pa., March 4.—Detective Samuel Wallick, of this city, and Constable Drorbaugh, of Codorus township, have arrested Conrad Albright, a school teacher, and Milton Hamme and Allen Garman, all young men of Codorus township, on the charges of robbing the home of the Albright brothers, in that section, last week, and also for the shooting of Adam Albright at the time

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

When the eyes are tired and weak, if they are bathed in slightly saline water they will soon become soothed.

To keep layer cakes from sticking put paper in the pan, grease it, then sprinkle of flour. The paper then peels off readily.

To color leather a blood red, brush the leather with a solution of sulphate of ammonia and apply the dye. Use either aniline red or extract of alkanet root. Work rapidly to prevent the dye penetrating the leather.

Cracks in ivory may be filled with chalk made into a putty with mucilage or white glue. Magnesia and zinc-white also make a good putty for ivory crocks. Use as little mucilage or glue as possible in the putty.

To make an ink that will copy without the use of press, brush or water, dissolve an aniline color in water and add a little glycerine. It is well to dissolve the color in alcohol first. About 10 per cent. of glycerine should be sufficient.

A simple way of removing rust from finely polished steel without injury to the surface consists in cleaning the article with a mixture of ten parts putty-powder, eight of ammonia and twenty-five of alcohol, and then rubbing with soft blotting paper.

A very good waterproof blacking is composed of the following ingredients Two ounces of beeswax, two ounces of tallow, two ounces of spermaceti, one tablespoonful of lampblack. Mix all well together and stir well. Apply warm with a brush and when cold polish like ordinary blacking. Broken ends of candles will do for the spermaceti.

It is a great mistake to make a large tea biscuit. Properly speaking, a tea biscuit should not be more than two inches in diameter and proportionately thick when baked. This gives a delicate, moist, flaky, biscuit, which will be cooked through before the outside crust has become hard or over brown.

Never read in bed or when lying upon the sofa. Sit with your back to the light as much as possible. Attend to your digestion. Do not work longer than two hours without closing your eyes and resting them for five minutes. If your eyes are weak, bathe them in water to which a little salt and a little brandy have been added.

To prevent oil-cloth, patent leather and similar materials from sticking together when rolled, purchase a few sheets of paraffin-impregnated or otherwise prepared paper, and roll with the material. This will prevent the sticking, also the fading of the colors or gloss by keeping out air and moisture. The evaporation of the oil is likewise prevented to a great extent.

Courtship and Common Sense.

Courtship is not for the immature; the time is past for the encouragement of marriage between mere children, and we have to recognize the fact that it is men and women without experience, yet men and women, that we are called upon to aid, enhearten and bid Godspeed down the way of love. Every word spoken to them regarding courtship and matrimony should be rich with the essence of practical common sense. Romance and sentimentality are well enough in poetry and fiction; it is in reality a composite of joy, sorrow, success, disappointment, serenity, vexation; it is the average sum of human experience.

Courtship is an effort to choose a mate for life. Two home-makers are considering a copartnership; the fate of unnumbered future generations is being settled. If we look straight into the countenance of nature and at the same time keep fully aware of what civilization expects, we shall feel the immense importance of what is going on yonder where the young man and his sweetheart sit apart from the crowd. A sacred contract is being negotiated, and upon the outcome of a few million contracts like that depends the whole future of the human race.—The Chautauquan.

A Winter Scene.

Keep Your Chin In to be Healthy.

"If my daughter were going to Europe to spend a year without her family," said a wise mother the other day, "and I were to give her a brief rule as a guide to health, it would be this, keep your chin in." This seemed unintelligible until she elaborated it and showed the effects of such an observance. She said: "To keep the chin in means to keep it well drawn back horizontally. That causes what physical culturists call a lifted chest or a live chest. A lifted chest insures deep and full breathing, and hence pure blood and perfect circulation. Perfect circulation is the greatest safeguard against contagion, and it prevents chilliness, the forerunner of colds. A lifted chest also throws the whole body into a graceful poise. The abdomen recedes, the thumbs fall into place by the side, the weight of the body falls upon the ball of the foot instead of the heel, and the shoulder blades flatten. These effects are produced when standing or walking. There are also effects in sitting. A lifted chest then insures a straight backbone with the end of spine against the back of chair, instead of a curved spine, which many women assume while sitting. The habit of retaining a lifted chest is easily formed, provided the clothing is reasonably loose."—Prairie Farmer.

Weak Mothers

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Scott's Emulsion

This is the most nourishing food known to science. It enriches the mother's milk and gives her *strength*. It also makes babies fat and gives more nourishment to growing children than all the rest of the food they eat.

Scott's Emulsion has been prescribed by physicians for *twenty years* for Rickets, Marasmus, Wasting Diseases of Children, Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, Emaciation and Consumption.

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CAPITAL STOCK, $30,000.

Plotted property is in the coming business centre of the town. It includes also part of the factory district, and has no equal in desirability for residence purposes.

CHOICE LOTS are offered at values that will be doubled in a short time.

No such opportunity can be had elsewhere to make money.

Lots secured on SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Maps of the town and of plotted property furnished on application.

Call upon or write to the Secretary, or J. S. Woods, Sales Agent, or any member of the Board of Directors.

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on Iram Derr's land, near A. J. Derr's store, Jackson township, Pa.

Shingles, Plastering Lath, Hemlock and Pine cut to bills.

We have saw-mills on this tract running daily, and have there on hand and can cut timber &c. at any time.

Shingles, No 1, all 5 and 6 in. selected,	$1.50 M
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Plastering lath, 4 ft. long,	$1.50 M
" " 3 ft long,	$1.25 M
Hemlock, common sizes,	$8.00 M

For special orders and for Terms &c., write or call at office of

CREASY & WELLS,

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THE MARKETS.

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Butter per lb	$ .24
Eggs per dozen	.28
Lard per lb	.12½
Ham per pound	.12
Pork, whole, per pound	.07 to .08
Beef, quarter, per pound	.06 to .08
Wheat per bushel	.70
Oats " "	.45
Rye " "	.65
Wheat flour per bbl	2.85
Hay per ton	14 00 to 16.00
Potatoes per bushel,	.75
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25 to .30
Tallow per lb	.04
Shoulder " "	.10
Side meat " "	.10
Vinegar, per qt	.07
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	.14
Cow Hides per lb	.03
Steer " " "	.02
Calf Skin	.40 to .50
Sheep pelts	.60
Shelled corn per bus	.75
Corn meal, cwt	2.00
Bran, "	1.10
Chop "	1.25
Middlings "	1.10
Chickens per lb new	.10
" " " old	.10
Turkeys " "	.12
Geese " "	.10
Ducks " "	.10

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.40
" 4 and 5 "	3.50
" 6 at yard	2.25
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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

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HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

WHEN THE SUN GOES DOWN.

When the sun goes down,
Then twinkle the lights in the busy town;
And ragged boys of the hungry eyes
Go whistling past where the sick man lies;
And the sick man listens, and frowning, turns
His face to the wall, and he yearns and yearns,
While the slow dark creeps to the hopeless day:
"Oh, to be happy and hale as they!"

When the sun goes down,
On the fields where the grasses are green and brown,
Soft on the valley and soft on the hill
Then weep the lone and loveless ones.
Falls the song—the song of the whippoorwill,
While the river of memory backward runs,
And the dream in the shadows—and dreams are woe—
"Oh, for the love of the long ago!"

When the sun goes down,
There is rest for the weary in field and town;
And cow bells clang in the country wide,
And Love sits down by the fireside!
Then the kettle sings—just the old-time song—
And once more Memory comes along,
And they cry—who are dreaming and dreaming there:
"Oh, the empty chair—the empty chair!"

THE DRUMMER.

In 1812, in the Ninth Regiment of the line, there was a drummer boy only 13 years of age, a child of the troop, whose true name was Frolut, though the soldiers called him nothing but Bilbouquet. Truly, with his tall, thin body, surmounted by a big round head, he certainly did resemble the object which had earned him the sobriquet.

Frolut, or Bilbouquet, as you please, was not in other respects a remarkable boy, and the drum major of the regiment frequently beat the measure on his shoulders with the end of his long drum staff till the music of the rat-a-tat had entered head as well as hands. Moreover, for some reason which Frolut could never explain, his regulation drummer's cap refused to hang upon his ear as it did upon the others, and as yet he was too young and awkward to march and twist himself gracefully like his superiors.

One day, when in a fit of ungovernable vanity, he tried to wear a sword between his legs like the elegantes of the regiment, he got it entangled in his feet and tumbled upon his nose, to the great amusement of his comrades, laughing, as they always did, at those whom they considered their inferiors. In addition to his other misfortunes Bilboquet's manners were against him, but then how could one expect him to be less than savage and reserved, singularly so for his age, when he had always been subjected to the roughest treatment. There was no doubt about it, bad luck pursued him, or as the men expressed it, "the devil sat upon his back."

Even at drogue he always lost, and whether it was the ill nature of the other petit tambours, or that he really had, as they claimed, a nose like a potato, he was greeted every morning with the same stale joke: "Marshal thy nose into line, Bilboquet, or we'll do it for thee," and they would fall upon the youngster and pinch and pull it so horribly that frequently it would bleed and was sore for hours.

If he cried at such treatment, or when they slapped his palms in the game of "main claude" till, red and blistered, they called him "girl" and "baby" and slapped them harder than ever, in order, they said, to see the drum major at the morning's exercises establish the time on Bilboquet's back when his still tender fingers failed to bring out the 'ra' and the 'fla' with perfect precision."

The child had reason to be disgusted with military life, but, as I said a while ago, he was close mouthed and held himself aloof from the others.

One morning, the 12th of July, if I remember aright, the general in command received orders from the Emperor to take up his position on the other side of a narrow ravine, a dangerous place at the best of times, and now defended by a battery of six cannon commanding its approaches and our entire file as soldiers as well. To reach the place designated by the Emperor it was necessary to take this battery on the banks of the Dwina, for the events that I am relating to you took place in the famous campaign against Russia.

All at once they see coming at full gallop an aide-de-camp of the general bearing the order for two companies of the sharpshooters to advance upon the battery. Three-fourths of them were bound to be killed, and the Voltiguers, in spite of their intrepidity, point to the yawning cannon and grumble openly.

"Does the General look upon us as roasted apples?" they say; "does he wish to serve us as mincemeat to the Cossacks, that he sends but 200 of us against a redoubt like this?"

"It is the order of the Emperor," answered the aide-de-camp, as he flies away.

"All right; let us do it then," cried the sergeant-major, adjusting his bayonet to the end of his gun; "let us do it at once; we musn't keep the Little Corporal waiting. When he has ordered us to be killed, he doesn't like to see us sulking."

Nevertheless, there was still a perceptible hesitation in the company. The captain had twice ordered the drum-major to call the tambours to the front to beat the charge, but he remained leaning upon his long staff, wagging his head, and little disposed to obey.

All this while Bilboquet was seated astraddle his drum, his eyes upon his chief, his lips whistling softly to himself the air of the fife and his fingers tattoing the charge. As the command to forward comes again and for the third time from the captain, he leaps to his feet, places his drumsticks in position, passes under the nose of the drum-major and with a scournful "come on, old girl, come on!" pours out in a single phrase all the anger and insults that he has treasured in his heart.

The drum-major raises his cane, but it is too late—Bilboquet is at the head of the two companies and beating the charge like a mad one. The soldiers follow him and rush upon that terrible battery. The cannons roar, the Voltiguers roll in the dust, many of them to rise no more; the smoke, blown by the wind, envelopes us like a cloud, the noise deafens us, but as it lifts a moment and floats away we can still see upright before us not twenty steps in advance the dauntless figure of the little drummer beating the charge; we could ever hear, feeble as it was, the sound of his instrument, passionately bidding defiance to every Coesack in creation.

The Voltigeurs rush on, Bilboquet always ahead of them with his ceaseless ratnplan. The battery roars again, a perfect storm of shot pouring upon the infuriated debris of our two beautiful companies—scarcely 50 men remain of the brave 200—and never had the drum-major himself sounded the charge as Bilboquet sounds it now—sternly, boldly, and, fired by the fever of vengeance, piles his arms with the strength of twenty. When the smoke lifts anew the battery is taken.

In the meantime Napoleon, mounted upon a knoll to the right, 10,000 soldiers of the Guard behind him, watches them as they execute his orders, and as the remnant of the Voltiguers enter the battery, he signs to an aide-de-camp, who gallops away, to return almost immediately.

"How many?" the Emperor asks him, as he stops before him; "how many crosses will be needed to-morrow?"

"Forty," the officer replied; "forty—the rest are dead!"

And the next day, as Napoleon had said, the regiments were gathered together to see the distribution of the medals to the gallant handful who had executed so faithfully the Emperor's will. One by one the names of the survivors had been announced and the cross of honor bestowed. The ceremony is ended and all are about to retire, when suddenly there is a stir among the soldiers, and a shrill voice sounds from the ranks:

"But me," it cries. "Me—you've given me nothing!" and Gen. B——, who had charge of the distribution of the crosses, turns about to find planted before him our little Bilboquet, his cheeks as red as fire and his eyes full of tears.

"You!" cries the officer astounded; "you, my boy! Why, what do you want me to give you? What did you expect?"

"The cross like the others," Bilboquet promptly answered; "it was I who beat the charge on the battery—I was the first to enter!"

"And you thought we had forgotten you! But you are too young, my boy, to have the cross yet," said the general kindly, seeing that he was only a child; "we will give it to you when you've a beard on your chin like the others. Here's something to console you while waiting;" and, slipping his hand into his pocket he drew forth a twenty-franc piece and held it out to the little fellow.

Bilboquet looked at it, but without a thought of taking it, great tears rolling from his eyes and down his cheeks as, motionless as stone, he stood before the general. Even those who had teased him most, touched by his grief, were about to intercede for him. Bilboquet, however, did not give them time, and suddenly, as if seized with a new idea, reached out his hand, took the money from the general and without more ado put it in his pocket, saying as he turned away:

"Thanks, my general; it will do another time!"

From this day forth they cease to mock at Bilboquet. All the same, he was no more communicative than before. On the contrary, he was constantly buried in thought, as if revolving some project in his mind, and instead of regaling his companions, as they had expected him to do, with the money he had received from the general, he guarded it more carefully than before.

Not long after the taking of the battery of the Dwina the French troops entered Smolensk victorious and jubilant, Bilboquet with them, of course, and greatly pleased at the sights about the city which he had asked to be allowed to visit almost at the moment of arrival. Yet after all it seemed to be the faces of the people in which he took the greatest interest, considering and examining them after the fashion of an amateur choosing merchandise.

I must admit, however, that it was not the peasants he regarded thus, with their long bushy beards; doubtless they were well enough, and bountifully supplied, but of such an ugly, unpleasant red that Bilboquet, after a moment's scrutiny, turned away his eyes and continued his way.

At last, wandering along in this fashion, our petit tambour came to the Jewish quarter, for the Jews of Smolensk, like the rest of the Jews of Poland and Russia, confine themselves to a certain quarter.

When Bilboquet entered it you can imagine his delight, for of all the beards in the world the Jews assuredly have the loveliest, long, silky and black as ebony, and it was beards that the little drummer boy was hunting. Some half way up the street he found the shop he wanted, the master of it bearded like a Turk.

"Vot vill you haf, my leetle sir?" cried the merchant, civilly, as he crossed the threshold, "vot can I gif you."

"Your beard," replied Bilboquet, without stopping to parley.

"My beard!" repeated the Jew, astoinshed, "you are joking!"

"I am not," said Bilboquet again, placing his hand upon the pocket where his money rested, "but do not think I want to rob you; here's a napoleon—you can give me change," and he threw it upon the counter between them.

In vain did the merchant endeavor to make Bilbcquet hear reason; he was as obstinate as a blind horse, and engaged in such a wrangle that before long he attracted the attention of some soldiers passing in the street, who stopped to learn the motive of the quarrel. The notion of the little drummer boy struck them as so particularly funny that they sided with him, and compelled the unfortunate proprietor to give up his beard, one of them, the braggart as well as the barber of the regiment, drawing a razor from his pocket and shearing him without mercy or lather.

Having horribly skinned the Jew, he gave the shearing to the delighted Bilboquet, who carried it at once to the tailor of the regiment and had it sewed to a piece of sheepskin taken from a broken drum. All this was the talk of the regiment for several days, but as no one could get from him what he intended to do with it, it was forgotten in other things, for we were now on the march again.

With the history of this campaign my story has nothing to do. I need only remind you that from the time of our arrival at Moscow misfortunes began, the cold and the devastation depriving us of all our resources. Famine struck us, and soon the retreat was ordered—the retreat across a desert country covered with endless snows. The memory of that horrible disaster is too painful for me to enter into details.

Everyone returned as best he could, and it was with difficulty that a few regiments could be kept together to represent the body of the army and obey the orders of the general. Bilboquet's was one of these, and he was of the rear guard that prevented the thousands of Cossacks who followed the army from massacreing the unfortunate and solitary soldiers.

One day they had just retreated across a little river, and to retard the pursuit of the enemy the general had ordered the destruction of the bridge over which they had passed, a fragile wooden one; but the barrels of gunpowder hastily placed produced but little effect, and though the arches were displaced and thrown into the water, the framework caught and remained resting upon a single beam, which so held it that the enemy on arrival could easily secure and reconstruct it.

The general, knowing that the safety of the entire army depended upon the destruction of the bridge, ordered back the sappers to cut the beam and tear away the clinging framework.

As they were ready to embark, however, the enemy arrived on the other bank of the river and began such a rain of bullets that it seemed impossible for any sapper to reach it alive. They were about to give it up and to defend themselves as best they could, when all at once they saw a soldier leap from their ranks into the river, his ax upon his shoulder.

The plunge carried him out of sight of course, but soon he reappeared, his long, flowing beard and peculiar cap showing him to be a sapper—thus offering himself as a sacrifice for the safety of others. That the water about him boiled with the bullets of the enemy, you can be sure, nevertheless he continued to advance bravely, vigorously, and five minutes later was at work upon the beam, sheltered behind the broken framework. A dozen blows and it crashed into the river, and the sapper was on his way to the bank again.

But picture our amazement, as mad with joy, we rushed to the edge to greet him, to find that it was the little Bilboquet, with a black and glossy beard suspended from the end of his chin.

"What does this mean? What is this masquerade?" cried the voice of the general behind us, "Is it you again, giddy-head?"

"Yes, my general, it is I, Bilboquet," answered the child; "you said you'd give me a cross when I'd a beard upon my chin. Here it is, a famous one, for I wasn't stingy and spent the whole of the money you gave me for it!" and he drew himself up with an air of pride.

The general, thunderstruck at such bravery and shrewdness, held out his arms to Bilboquet as if he had been a man, and taking the cross from the lapel of his own coat fastened it with his own hand in the button hole of his drummer's jacket.

It is upon the shoulders of the other petit tambours, you can rest assured, that the drum-major now establishes the time.

"Frigotherapeucy."

"Freeze, freeze, thou bitter sky, Thou dost not bite so nigh As appetite forgot" will be an appropriate new reading of the Shakespearan song, if Prof. Pictet proves himself right in regarding extreme cold as an infallible recipe for that best of all sauces—hunger. The French scientist is said to be so confident of the merits of his cold cure in all cases of loss of appetite and dyspepsia, that he is positively starting a freezing chamber for the special benefit of patients who suffer from these ailments. Fortunately he does not require them to enter the curative refrigerator in light attire. On the contrary, he allows them to wrap themselves up as warmly as they like, the benefit being derived entirely from breathing the frozen air.

The idea seems to be after all but a practical development of a familiar idea, for there can be no one who has not experienced the action of crisp, frosty air as a sharpener of the appetite. But the effects of cold as a remedy for dyspepsia have not hitherto been so well recognized, and Prof. Pictet's "frigotherapeucy," despite its awful name, may prove a boon and a blessing in these days of pancreatic pessimism.—Lady's Pictorial.

The End of the World.

A pamphlet has just been published at Berlin by a theologian—M. Baxter—which was written with considerable erudition, and is being widely read. The author predicts that the end of the world will occur on April 23, 1908. "From now until then," he says, "we will go through another fearful and bitterly contested war, in 1897, which all the great European nations will participate in; in 1899 a new Napoleon will make his rise, as the King of 'the Greek States and Syria;' in 1904 a terrible earthquake will shake the very foundations of our planet. On March 12, 1903, on a Thursday, at 3 o'clock P. M. (Jerusalem time), and at 1h. 33m. P. M. (Berlin time), will take place the "ascension to heaven of the 144,000 elected, blessed ones, who shall not die." These prophecies, says Le Figaro, have called forth considerable emotion "over the Rhine."

Don't Wet Your Fingers.

A warning has been sounded in the way in which books from a circulating library should be handled. It is conveyed in the suggestion: Don't wet the fingers to turn the leaves of such books. The authorities among the circulating libraries in Dresden have been conducting a series of experiments to determine if books in genral use become a medium for the communication of infection. Soiled leaves were rubbed first with dry fingers and then with wet ones, and the results microscopically examined. No microbes, or few, were found on the dry fingers, but many on the others.

MID-WINTER BONNETS.

Felt and Plumes Are Popular, and Velvet and Low Crowns, Are Seen.

The hats for mid-winter wear are made largely of felt, and some very charming shapes are shown. The favorite trimming seems to be velvet in lovely glace effects, while feathers are worn in profusion. Bows and "Mephistos" of jet are still popular, and other trimmings are birds, antennae and stiff quills. For travelling, soft hats of felt are preferred, and these have very little trimming.

Referring to plumes, the hats of springtime are not a bit more gay than many of those now shown in the milliners' windows. There is no end of the ways of wearing plumes. The hat here shown is rather an original one, and illustrates the novel effects that

are popular. It is made of moss-green felt. The brim is edged with black velvet, and has a roll of the same inside. The back is turned up and is held in place by a velvet rosette, while the garniture consists of six plumes, two on either side and two upright in front, the latter fastened with a paste buckle. A twisted roll of velvet comes around the low crown.

Black velvet hats with fluted brims are a good deal worn, and almost all the crowns are low. Still there is a Tyrolean hat in vogue, with Bird of Paradise plumes, and fur and lace are beginning to appear as the latest innovations.

The Teaching of Housewifery.

Writing in the North American Review, Miss Elizabeth Bisland pleads for giving women more technical training in the work to which they have for the most part to devote their lives. She says:

The old practical rule-of-thumb apprenticeship of the household having passed away something should replace it. Why should not schools for girls give courses of instruction in housewifery—not the mere cooking of chops or dusting chairs, but instruction as to how houses should be made and furnished and their sanitation assured; in the chemistry of cooking, of foods and of assimilation; in the laws of physiology and hygiene and something about fundamental economics, of which the average woman is totally ignorant, though she is the spender and distributer of the money the men accumulate?

How Women Should Economize.

Save the emotions. Horrible tales, criminal records and histories of crime are too expensive. Sweet, dainty, delicate woman needs finer food for the soul. Calamities, murders, quarrels and fatalities may happen. They are in the line of the philosophy of evil, and their discussion can do no good. Reckless sympathy is wasted energy, and enforces needless distress upon the sensibilities. Keep out of the slums, slaughter houses and sewers. Walk in the sunlight, look up and let the vision of brightness on the mountain tops be thy guiding star. Lofty thoughts that nourish the finer nature are not to be found in the gutters of life. So a little old tutor of Columbia college believes.

A Nursing Baby.

A mother with a nursing baby must be careful to keep herself well nourished and take plenty of sleep. If she does not, she will not have good milk for the child. She must also be careful about bathing, so that the child will not take the impurities into the system in nursing. When a child uses a bottle a long pipe should be avoided, as it is not possible to keep it clean, and the child may be poisoned with impurities. The bottle should be washed with hot water, cooled and kept in a clean place. The rubber nipples should be left soaking in water when not in use, and thrown away as soon as they get out of condition.

Progressive Housework.

A family, consisting of a mother and two daughters, has contrived a plan by which they rob what is known as "doing one's own work" of much of its terror. They have arranged a system of progressive meals. By this arrangement, one gets breakfast one day, dinner the next, and tea or lunch the next. She does not have to wash the dishes of the meal she gets, but the other two do. Thus, each day, each one has one meal to prepare and two to help clear away. The other housework is divided up with corresponding fairness. They say that this is a sery simple and comparatively easy way of working.

The Baby in the Bath.

Try some way of amusing your child if he cries during his bath—a cork which will bob about with every movement of the water, or an egg with the contents blown out. In fact, any little thing which will amuse a child will attract his attention and prevent his crying during the process of bathing. Once the child is broken of the habit of crying this trifling amusement will be unnecessary.

All Want to Be Nurses.

Some remarkable figures are given as to the popularity of nursing as an occupation among women. At one of the large London hospitals upward of 5,000 applications have been made to enter the nurses' training home. At another London hospital more than 800 applications were received within two months.

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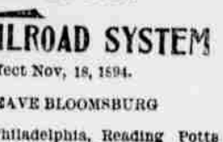

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READING RAILROAD SYSTEM

In effect Nov, 18, 1894.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.35 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.13 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.13.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.15, 5.00, 6.33, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.15, 3.13 5.00, 6.33, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41, 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m.

Leave Reading 11.50 a. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.20 a. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.10 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.90 a. m. 1.30, 3.18, 6.15.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27, 11.45 a. m., 1.37, 3.27, 6.23.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 9.00, a. m., 2.00, 4.00, 5.00 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 5.45 p. m.

SUNDAY—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

Returning, leave Atlantic City, depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas Avenues.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 7.35 9.00 a. m. and 4.00 and 5.30 p. m. Accommodation, 8.15 a. m. and 4.52 p. m.

Sundays—Express, 4.00, 7.30, p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m. and 4.15 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Superintendent. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Passr. Agt

SOUTH.— B. & S. R. R. —NORTH.

P M	A M	Le.	STATIONS.	Ar.	A M	P M
6 30	7 20		Bloomsburg D. L. & W. Dep		8 20	6 40
6 24	7 18		P. & R. Depot.		8 34	6 44
6 24	7 13		Bloomsburg Main Street.		8 38	6 47
6 20	7 10		Irondale		8 40	6 50
6 12	7 03		Paper Mill		8 47	6 58
6 09	7 00		Lightstreet		8 50	7 02
5 54	6 50		Orangeville		8 59	7 10
5 48	6 39		Forks		9 10	7 20
5 44	6 35		Zaners		9 15	7 24
5 37	6 28		Stillwater		9 20	7 29
5 27	6 18		Benton		9 31	7 39
5 22	6 14		Edsons		9 35	7 44
5 20	6 12		Coles Creek		9 38	7 48
5 16	6 08		Sugarloaf		9 41	7 52
5 14	6 01		Laubachs		9 45	7 57
5 03	5 53		Central		9 55	8 07
5 00	5 50	Le.	Jamison City	Ar.	10 00	8 10
P M	A M				A M	P M

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect Nov. 25, '94.

		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	Daily
Scranton(D & H)	lv	9 38	2 25	5 10	4 40
Pittston " "		10 00	3 00	5 30	
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wilkesbarre	lv	7 25	10 15	3 12	6 0	4 40
Plym'th Ferry	"	7 39	10 21	3 15	6 0	4 46
Nanticoke	"	7 49	10 30	3 25	6 1	5 00
Mocanaqua	"	8 01	10 50	3 46	6 3	5 21
Wapwallopen	"	8 11	11 00	3 56	6 4	5 32
Nescopeck	ar	8 18	11 11	4 08	6 5	5 45
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		
Pottsville	lv	6 00	9 05	1 10	.....	.....
Hazleton	"	7 10	11 05	3 04	.....	.....
Tomhicken	"	7 20	11 25	3 22	.....	.....
Fern Glen	"	7 38	11 34	3 08	.....	.....
Rock Glen	"	7 44	11 40	3 37	.....	.....
Nescopeck	ar	8 01	.....	4 08	.....	.....
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Nescopeck	lv	8 18	11 00	4 0-	.....	5 48
Creasy	"	8 32	Via	4 17	.....	5 58
Espy Ferry	"	8 48	Rock	4 27	.....	6 04
E. Bloomsburg	"	8 47	Glen	4 31	.....	6 08
			P. M.			
Catawissa	ar	8 53	12 18	4 37	.....	6 16
Catawissa	lv	8 55	12 18	4 37	.....	6 16
Riverside	"	9 14	12 36	4 53	.....	6 35
Sunbury	"	9 35	1 00	5 15	.....	7 00
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Sunbury	lv	9 56	1 35	5 40	.....	9 25
Lewisburg	ar	10 29	2 08	6 10	.....	.....
Milton	"	10 44	2 02	6 06	.....	9 52
Williamsport	"	11 18	3 00	7 00	.....	10 40
Lock Haven	"	12 20	4 10	8 02	.....	.....
Renova	"	P. M.	5 15	9 00	.....	.....
Kane	"	.....	9 20	.....	.....	.....
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Sunbury	lv	9 48	1 56	5 25	.....	8 17
Harrisburg	ar	11 30	3 30	7 05	.....	10 00
		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.
Philadelphia	ar	3 00	6 50	11 18	.....	4 30
Baltimore	"	3 10	6 45	10 40	.....	6 20
Washington	"	4 30	7 10	.....	.....	7 40
		A. M.	P. M.			
Sunburg	lv	10 05	2 25	.....	.....	.....
		P. M.				
Lewistown Jc	ar	12 05	4 25	.....	.....	.....
Pittsburg	"	8 10	11 30	.....	.....	.....
			P. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Harrisburg	lv	.....	3 50	7 30	.....	11 55
Pittsburg	ar	.....	11 30	2 00	.....	7 15

‡ Daily, except Sunday. † Daily. f Flag station.

					Daily	Daily
		P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
Pittsburg	lv	7 00	8 10	.....	8 00	8 10
		A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Harrisburg	ar	2 10	3 30	.....	3 20	3 30
			A. M.		A. M.	
Pittsburg	lv	.....	.....	.....	8 00	.....
					P. M.	
Lewistown Jc.	"	.....	7 40	.....	3 00	.....
Sunbury	ar	.....	9 38	.....	5 00	.....
		P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	A. M.
Washington	lv	10 40	.....	.....	10 30	.....
Baltimore	"	11 50	4 45	.....	11 40	4 45
Philadelphia	"	11 20	4 50	.....	12 22	4 30
		A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Harrisburg	lv	3 30	8 15	.....	3 55	8 15
Sunbury	ar	5 08	9 56	.....	5 35	9 56
		P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
Erie	lv	3 25	.....	.....	.....	5 25
Kane	"	7 05	.....	.....	6 30	7 05
Renova	"	10 25	.....	.....	10 25	10 35
Lock Haven	"	11 25	7 15	.....	11 20	11 25
		A. M.			P. M.	A. M.
Williamsport	"	3 25	8 15	.....	4 00	3 25
Milton	"	4 12	9 10	.....	4 54	4 12
Lewisburg	"	.....	9 00	.....	4 47	.....
Sunbury	ar	4 36	9 38	.....	5 21	4 36
		A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Sunbury	lv	5 25	10 00	.....	5 47	10 00
Riverside	"	5 51	10 22	.....	6 09	10 22
Catawissa	"	6 10	10 40	.....	6 28	10 40
E. Bloomsburg	"	Via	10 48	.....	6 33	10 48
Espy Ferry	"	Rock	10 52	.....	6 38	10 52
Creasy	"	Glen.	11 01	.....	6 48	11 01
Nescopeck	ar	8 04	11 11	.....	6 58	11 11
		A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	
Nescopeck	lv	.....	11 11	.....	6 58	.....
Rock Glen	ar	6 52	11 37	.....	7 22	.....
Fern Glen	"	6 59	11 42	.....	7 27	.....
Tomhicken	"	7 10	11 52	.....	7 34	.....
			P. M.	.....		
Hazleton	"	7 34	12 12	.....	7 53	.....
Pottsville	"	8 45	1 22	.....	9 05	.....
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Nescopeck	lv	8 04	11 11	4 08	6 58	11 11
Wapwallopen	ar	8 16	11 22	4 2-	7 10	11 22
Mocanaqua	"	8 26	11 32	4 33	7 22	11 32
Natticoke	"	8 46	11 54	4 57	7 44	11 54
		P. M.				P. M.
Plym'th Ferry	"	8 54	12 02	5 05	7 53	12 02
Wilkesbarre	"	9 00	12 10	5 15	8 00	12 10
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	.....
Pittston(D & H)	ar	9 38	12 49	5 41	8 32	.....
Scranton " "		10 05	1 16	6 08	9 03	.....

† Daily, except Sunday. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	EAST. A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	6 25	1.50	10 05	5 50
Cameron	6 40	.....	.....	6 03
Chulasky	.....	.....	.....	6 07
Danville	6 53	2 12	10 26	6 13
Catawissa	7 10	2 26	10 39	6 28
Rupert	7 17	2 31	10 44	6 33
Bloomsburg	7 25	2 36	10 49	6 39
Espy	7 33	2 43	....	6 45
Lime Ridge	7 40	2 50	.....	6 52
Willow Grove	7 44	2 54	.....	6 56
Briarcreek	7 48	.....	.....	7 00
Berwick	7 58	3 04	11 32	7 06
Beach Haven	8 04	3 10	11 18	7 12
Hick's Ferry	8 10	3 17	....	7 19
Shickshinny	8 20	3 29	11 33	7 35
Hunlock's	8 20	3 39	...	7 47
Nanticoke	8 37	3 46	11 49	7 54
Avondale	8 41	3 51	.....	7 58
Plymouth	8 48	3 56	11 56	8 03
Plymouth Junction	8 49	4 00	.....	8 07
Kingston	8 54	4 05	12 05	8 12
Bennett	8 58	4 08	.....	8 16
Forty Fort	9 00	4 11	.....	8 19
Wyoming	9 05	4 17	12 16	8 25
West Pittston	9 10	4 22	.....	8 30
Susquehanna Ave	9 14	4 25	12 28	8 35
Pittston	9 17	4 30	12 26	8 39
Duryea	9 20	4 34	.....	8 44
Lackawanna	9 24	4 37	.....	8 48
Taylor	9 32	4 45	12 40	8 57
Bellevue	9 37	4 50	....	9 02
SCRANTON	9 42	4 55	12 48	9 07
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

STATIONS.	WEST. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 00	9 55	1 30	6 07
Bellevue	6 05	....	.....	.....
Taylor	6 10	10 04	1 40	6 17
Lackawanna	6 18	10 11	1 48	6 24
Duryea	6 22	10 14	1 51	6 28
Pittston	6 28	10 18	1 56	6 32
Susquehanna Ave	6 32	10 21	2 00	6 35
West Pittston	6 35	10 24	2 03	6 38
Wyoming	6 40	10 29	2 08	6 43
Forty Fort	6 45	....	..	.....
Bennett	6 48	10 36	2 16	6 50
Kingston	6 54	10 39	2 22	6 55
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 43	2 27	....
Plymouth	7 04	10 47	2 32	7 03
Avondale	7 09	.....	2 38	7 07
Nanticoke	7 14	10 54	2 42	7 12
Huntock's	7 20	11 00	2 50	7 20
Shickshinny	7 31

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1807. CONSOLIDATED 1869. PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
I. J. JAMISON, ASSISTANT EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS.—Inside the county, $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance. All communications should be addressed to

THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1895.

Congress adjourned on Monday at noon.

The Fifty-Third Congress.

It would be quite as unfair to judge the Democratic party by the acts of the Congress which expired by limitation yesterday as it would be to judge the city of Philadelphia by the antics of its Councilmen. The party is responsible for the acts of Congress, and the city is responsible for the ordinances of Councils; but in neither case has the will of either the party or the city been effectual or paramount.

What the Democratic majority intended to bring about when it elected its President and Congress in 1892 has not been accomplished. The work of the unwieldy majority in the House was baffled, belittled or brought to naught by the Senate. While there was an ostensible Democratic majority in that body, there was no majority in fact. On the question of the repeal of the Silver purchase act the Democratic Administration was only able to carry its point by the aid of the opposition. The scandalous recusancy of Democratic Senators in dealing with tariff legislation effectually prevented the passage of such a measure as was desirable in the interest of revenue reform or such a measure as had been advocated before the people. That the McKinley act did not remain unrepealed on the statute book was no fault of certain Democratic Senators. Having aided the Republicans in loading down the bill with amendments intended to make it obnoxious, they were only prevented by an unexpected legislative stratagem from inflicting final defeat. Rather than take the risk of further Senatorial butchery, the House saved so much of the original work as possible by sending the bill to the President in a mangled and imperfect form. The malignant temper of the Democratic deserters and ingrates in the Senate has been more recently conspicuously manifested in the refusal to pass the House bill to repeal the differential duties on sugar imported from bounty paying countries, and in the refusal to save $16,000,000, and protect the public credit by authorizing the issue af 3 per cent. gold bonds.

The truth is that while the President and the House of Representatives would have been responsive to the desire of the people as indicated in 1892, the Senate has at no time been Democratic. The Republicans or the Populists have always been able to command the votes of a sufficient number of so-called Democratic Senators to defeat Democratic measures or to accomplish legislation against Democratic protest. The victory of 1892 was, therefore, incomplete. The country has not had the benefit of intended reforms and economies.

For the past two years of almost unexampled business distress the affairs of the nation have drifted along without a determinate and resolute guidance, the revenues eaten up by vast fixed expenditures and the finances disordered by perilous floating indebtedness left as a heritage of Republican maladministration. For the next two years the situation from a Democratic standpoint will be improved. A Republican Congress will have to deal with the financial situation under the curbing hand of a Democratic President. The Democrats have made themselves responsible for revenue measures; but the people have shifted to the shoulders of their opponents the task of regulating expenditure. The fight for position in 1896 is not so hopeless for the Democratic party as it would have been if it still had apparent but unreal legislative power.—*Phila. Record.*

THE JUDICIAL APPORTIONMENT.

A bill has been introduced in the House redistricting the state into judicial districts. It proposes to change this district by putting Montour county with Northumberland, and Columbia with Wyoming and Sullivan. This is a return to the arrangement that existed prior to the apportionment of 1874. A President Judge of Wyoming and Sullivan was elected last fall whose term of office will expire in 1905. Who that Judge is, has not yet been finally decided. E. M. Dunham of Laporte was returned as elected by a majority of twenty-nine over John A. Sittser, the incumbent of the office for the past ten years, and Judge Sittser is contesting the election. Should the proposed apportionment be made, Judge Ikeler would continue in office until 1899, when his term expires, and he and either Dunham or Sittser would apportion the work between them. At the end of Judge Ikeler's term, he would retire, and the other judge would be the President Judge of the district until 1905. Judge Dunham lives at Laporte and owns property there, and Judge Sittser is located at Tunkhannock, and which ever is declared to be the Judge, it is quite improbable that either of them would remove to Bloomsburg, and this county would then be without a resident Judge for the first time in many years. That this would be a serious inconvenience to lawyers as well as to litigants, cannot be doubted. The bill is a republican measure in a strongly republican legislature, and it is likely to go through unless some reasons to the contrary are shown. If there are no objections to the bill, of course there is nothing to be done, but if there be objections some steps should be taken to present the matter before the apportionment committee before it is too late.

We Stand Corrected.

Under the impression that the Baker ballot-boxes were of uniform pattern throughout the State we must admit we were in error in our article of last week in which we treated upon the insecurity of these boxes in Bloomsburg. We referred to their insecurity after being locked, sealed and delivered for safe keeping. The style of box to which we referred were those sent into the rural districts of Luzerne county, when the law first took effect. Those boxes were insecure, as we have already described them, and their insecurity was demonstrated to our satisfaction by the inspectors of the board while the writer was acting as judge of election. After making our return we published our observations on the matter in either the *Echo* or *Democrat* of Shickshinny. And as no denial of the fact as published was made at that time, we naturally presumed that the same style of box was in vogue throughout the State. We are credibly informed, however, by a gentleman who took the trouble to examine the Bloomsburg boxes that they are perfectly secure; that a hasp on the lid of your boxes passes over a staple fastened on the box below the lid, and then a padlock safely secures it on one side; while on the other side, the lid is securely hinged and riveted. It is possible that the Luzerne contractor could not get his hinges on in time; but they certainly ought to be there.

Married.

On Thursday, February 28th, at the parsonage of Trinity Reformed Church, by the Rev. C. H. Brandt, Mr. Claude E. Greenman, and Miss Mary E. Bookmiller, both of Danville.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Rubber Boots and Overshoes for Men, Women, Children and everybody. Now is the season for them. Buy them of

J. A. HESS,
Main Street
Bloomsburg, Pa.

RUPTURE CURED.
QUICKLY, SAFELY, PERMANENTLY.

Absolute cure guaranted of rupture (of either sex) old or young, no matter how long standing, without the use of knife.
The new method of treatment is certainly *free* from all danger. No cutting, no pain, no operation. Takes but four to eight weeks with a visit once a week, to cure absolutely. No detention from business. Persons out of town can receive treatment and return the same day. *CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE.* No truss required when cured.

Dr. A. P. O'MALLEY,
RUPTURE SPECIALIST,
80 S. Washington St. Wilkes-Barre, Pa.
20 years continuous practice in Wilkes-Barre. 2-8-3m.

The Humane Driving Bit.
TREAT THE FAMILY PET TO ONE.

ROBT. BONNER says if you try it you will use no other bit, for all kinds of horses. It will control the most vicious horse without punishment.
Extra fine sample, solid nickel jointed or stiff mouth. Tested and Warranted sent for $1.00.
HUMANE BIT CO., DEPT. F., NEWARK, N. J. 2-8-4t.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

Merchant TAILOR,

AND HATTER.

SUITS FROM $18.00.

CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

TROUSERS FROM $5.00.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed at public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1895,

at 10 a. m., all that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the township of Catawissa, county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Known as the mountain woodland tract, bounded on the north by lands of Stephen B. Martin, W. J. Martin and Mrs. Sue Ann Martin, on the east by lands of Boyd R. Yetter, on the south by mountain land, and on the west by lands of Jordan G. Miller, containing

100 ACRES OF LAND.

ALSO: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Catawissa, county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by Catawissa creek, on the east by lands of John T. Shuman and S. B. Martin, on the south by lands of Wm. J. Martin, and on the west by lands of Sue Ann Martin, containing

20 ACRES OF LAND.

Seized, taken into execution at the suits of Matilda Walter and Kate B. Schmick vs. Wm. J. Martin, and to be sold as the property of Wm. J. Martin.

J. B. McHENRY,
Sheriff.
HEAWN & SMALL, Attorneys.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Gardner, late of Pine township, deceased.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of funds in the hands of the executors, and to pass on the exception to the account, will sit at the office of Grant Herring Esq., in the Town of Bloomsburg, on Saturday, March 30, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

ROBERT BUCKINGHAM,
Auditor.
2-8-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of David Kreiseher, deceased.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., to marshal liens, fix costs and expenses and charge owelty and dower and make distribution of the amount of bid for purpart No. 1, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on Saturday, March 16th, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties interested shall attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

ROBERT BUCKINGHAM,
Auditor.
2-8-3t.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN

UPSIDE DOWN.

That is the way we are turning our stock this month. Its only the 15th day of February, when a whole car load of

-·-·-NEW GOODS-·-·-

is clamoring for admission. *Spring cleaning must begin early.*

Before the vernal equinox draws the line over which grim winter dare not step, our store shall bud and blossom with a strange beauty. In the meantime

This May Interest You.

Look over your muslin stock, see what you need and then look over this:

Pillow cases in almost endless variety—cheaper than ever.
D. & L. muslin cases in size from 42 x 36 to 50 x 36, 12½c. to 16c.
Anchor muslin cases, size from 45 x 36 to 50 x 36, 17c. and 20c.
F. F. V. muslin cases, *hem-stitched*, size 45 x 38, only 25c.

Sheets.

D. & L. muslin 81 x 90 @ 50c.
" " 90 x 90 @ 60c.
Anchor " 81 x 90 @ 65c.
" " 90 x 90 @ 75c.
H. & H. " 90 x 90 @ 90c.—*These are hemstitched.*
When you see the quality of these goods, and consider the time and trouble saved from making them, the prices are extremely low.

Fruit of the loom muslin, bleached and very good, at 7c. the yard.
If you want unbleached muslin, we have it from 20 yds. $1.00, upwards.
Calicoes, extra values, from 4 to 6c.

....GROCERY DEPARTMENT....

We try to keep this department up to the highest standard, and if you need anything in this line we always try to accomodate you. *Sweet Potatoes*; these are extra nice and not woody, at 35c. the peck. Canned asparagus at 15c., and the tips at 35c. Hemlock flour $2.85 the bbl.

PURSEL & HARMAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

The True Cure

Of all

Nervous Troubles

Is Found in

PURE BLOOD

Because upon the purity of the Blood depends the health of every organ and tissue of the Body. If the Blood is thin and impure there is weakness, Nervousness, That Tired Feeling, and you are in the condition which invites disease. If the Blood is pure and healthy, you have sweet sleep, nerve strength, mental vigor, a good appetite, and perfect digestion.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Makes Pure Blood

That is why the Cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla are permanent. They do not rest upon the insecure support of temporary stimulant, opiate or nerve a compound, but upon the solid foundation of vitalized, enriched and purified blood. Read this:

The cure of Olive Carl by Hood's Sarsaparilla has few equals in medical history. The testimonial was first published two years ago, and a late letter from her mother says Olive continues in good health and "We are satisfied her remarkable cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla was permanent." **Briefly stated the case was this:** "When Olive was 8 years old she had the whooping cough and measles, followed by intense pains in every joint in her body, like rheumatism. Physicians were puzzled, but after a consultation, pronounced the disease some form of

Constitutional Scrofula.

"When we began to use Hood's Sarsaparilla, she could not be moved without crying out with pain, and we were compelled to cut her hair, as she could not bear the weight of it. At first the change for the better was very gradual; the pains seemed to be less frequent and the swelling in some of the joints subsided after using about one bottle. Then improvement was more rapid and one night she surprised us greatly by telling us that we need not prop her up in bed as we had one for several months, and next night she surprised us still more by rolling over across the bed. From that time on

Improvement was Very Rapid

and she soon began to creep about the house and then to walk on crutches. Now she generally uses but one crutch, the disease having left one leg crooked, and I fear it will remain so. We feel that to Hood's Sarsaparilla we owe our child's life.

"I can't eat, I have no appetite," is the complaint of many people just now. This is because the blood is in a sluggish and impure condition. Vitalize and enrich it by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and you will soon be hungry all the time because your blood will demand proper sustenance from good food.

Nervous Dyspepsia.

"I suffered with what the doctors called nervous dyspepsia. I could hardly walk and could hardly keep anything on my stomach. I doctored for six or seven years but the different medicines did not do me any good and I grew steadily worse. I would have sick headache for three days and nights causing me such agony that it seemed as though I would rather die than live. I was told to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and did so. When I had finished the third bottle I was so much better that I could eat things that I had not dared to eat before for years. I have taken six bottles and feel like a different person." MRS. SIMON DECKER, Ruggles, Pennsylvania.

The greater includes the less. Such a cure as the above must convince you that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a wonderful blood purifier. Give it a trial this spring.

Makes Pure Blood

I enclose the photograph of my daughter and I think it is a picture of perfect health. When I think how near she was to death's door I cannot feel thankful enough for her recovery." MRS. J. A. CARL, Reynoldsville, Pennsylvania.

"Refreshing sleep has been given me by Hood's Sarsaparilla and I now rest well and do not feel tired in the morning as I used to." JOHN CRAIG, Somerville, Mass.

SATISFACTION OF A MORTGAGE

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY, NO. MAY TERM 1865.

In the matter of the petition of J. L. Dillon for satisfaction of a mortgage given by John Robison to Hiram Christman, William Christman, Charles Bodine, and Maria his wife, Wm. Neal and Catharine, his wife, Lavilla Christman, Horace Pursel and Willits Pursel, and Mary Christman, widow of Casper Christman.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, ss.

To Hiram Christman, Wm Christman, Charles Bodine and Maria, his wife, Wm. Neal and Catharine, his wife, Lavilla Christman, Horace Pursel and Willits Pursel, and their heirs or legal representatives, and all persons claiming to be the owner or owners of said mortgage.

Whereas it appears by the records, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, &c., at Bloomsburg, that a certain mortgage, dated the 22nd day of January, 1842, recorded in Mortgage Book, No. 2, page 540, &c., upon land in Bloom township adjoining lands of Valentine Kressler, Andrew Koons, Valentine Kressler and others, containing 31 acres, and 156 perches of land, given by John Robison to Hiram Christman, Wm. Christman, Charles Bodine and Maria, his wife, Wm. Neal and Catharine, his wife, Lavilla Christman, Horace Pursel and Willits Pursel, and Mary Christman, widow of Casper Christman, to secure the payment of $862 40 after the death of said widow, remains unsatisfied.

And whereas the said widow having died about the year 1850, and whereas, it is alleged that all the money due on said mortgage was paid, and a legal presumption now exists of the payment of said mortgage from lapse of time; and whereas J. L. Dillon, present owner of the mortgaged premises has applied to the Court of Common Pleas of said county, where said premises are situated praying said Court to decree and direct that satisfaction be entered upon the record of said mortgage on payment of the costs due on the same, and the satisfaction so entered shall forever discharge and release the lien of said mortgage from the said premises.

Therefore all persons interested as owners or holders of said mortgage, are required, by an order of said Court, to appear at the next term of said Court, to be held at Bloomsburg on the first Monday of May, A. D., 1895, to answer the petition aforesaid, and to show cause, if any there be, why said mortgage shall not be satisfied as prayed for in said petition.

J. B. McHENRY,
Sheriff.
WM. CHRISMAN, Atty.
3-1-4t.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania, Monday the twenty-fifth day of March A. D., 1895, by Paul E. Wirt, L. E. Waller, P. S. Harman, H. G. Sherwood, C. C. Peacock, Creasy & Wells, S. H. Harman and C. W. Miller, under Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, approved April 29th, A. D., 1874, and the several supplements thereto for the charter of an intended corporation to be called the Penn Elevator Company, the character and object of which is the manufacture of elevators and special machinery from wood, iron and other metal, or any one or more of them combined. And for these purposes, to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

C. W. MILLER,
Solicitor.
2-1-4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of A. K. Smith, late of Madison township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of A. K. Smith, late of Madison township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

WILLIAM S. SMITH,
Administrator,
Montandon, Pa.
H. BUCKINGHAM,
Attorney.
3-1-6t.

MONEY LOANED

Do you want to borrow money on equitable terms?
Do you desire to pay off a mortgage and re-borrow the money at 5 per cent. interest annually?
Would you care to be so situated that you could reduce the mortgage against your home by paying off a small amount monthly and at the end of each year receive credit for all paid? With interest being charged only on remaining portion of loan.
Would you like to buy your family a home? If so, read the following:

I represent a Company that has embodied in its plan all the features enumerated above and many more. Can you see any reason why you should pay a large interest for money when you have good security? Can you present any good reason why it is not as well to receive profits yearly as to wait from 7 to 10 years as one does in many of the Associations? Is not the reduction of interest yearly better than waiting many years for profits? Borrowers under the plan represented by me assume absolutely no risk as each $1.00 paid on the loan is credited on the mortgage, thereby reducing it in proportion to the amount paid.

Building Associations have benefitted hundreds of thousands, so did the old cars that were propelled by horses. Our plan is as far superior to Building Associations as the trolley cars are to the old antiquated horse car system. My time is too much occupied to answer questions for the curious, but those seeking information for the betterment of their condition will receive full information promptly. We offer an investment to those who have a small amount to save monthly that has no superior as to safety and seldom equaled for profits. Call or write.

S. D. NEYHARD,
Office COLUMBIAN Bldg., BLOOMSBURG, PA.
1-4-3m. 3d floor. Box 434.

WHAT
IRON
WILL DO.

IRON
IS NATURE'S OWN TONIC.
Stimulates the appetite and produces refreshing sleep.
GIVES VITAL STRENGTH TO NURSING MOTHERS.
Checks wasting diseases, stops night sweats, cures incipient consumption.
Increases strength and flesh.
MAKES RED, RICH BLOOD,
Promotes healthy lung tissue.
Will give the pale and puny the rosy cheeks of youth.
CURES ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS.
Makes strong men and women of weaklings.

GILMORE'S IRON TONIC PILLS
Cure all Wasting Diseases and their sequences,
BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

They are neither styptic nor caustic, have no coagulating effect on the contents of the stomach or its lining; consequently do not hurt the teeth or cause constipation or diarrhœa, as do the usual forms of Iron. 10 days treatment 50c, pamphlet free. If not kept by your druggist, address

GILMORE & CO.,
CINCINNATI, O.
For sale in Bloomsburg, Pa., by MOYER BROS., Druggists. 1-25 1y

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1895.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

OUR CLUB OFFERS.

Every subscriber, new or old, who pays one full year in advance, will receive free for one year *The American Farm News.*

THE COLUMBIAN and the *Philadelphia Weekly Times* for one year for $1.40.

THE COLUMBIAN and the *New York World* twice a week, for $1.75. This is a great combination, one of the best we ever offered. The twice a week *World* contains twelve pages of the news of the world. It is the best value ever offered for the money. Try it. tf.

The Farr Compulsary education bill passed the House on Tuesday.

Now is the time to get envelopes printed cheap. We have booked orders for 28,000 during the past week.

Lent began on Ash-Wednesday, February 27th. Easter Sunday falls on April 14th.

H. V. White & Co. have removed their office from the Wirt building to their mill on Sixth street.

Ex-Sheriff John Mourey has received the appointment of general gauger for this internal revenue district.

Dr. W. M. Reber lost his pocketbook containing money and valuable papers, and is offering a reward of twenty-five dollars for its return.

The list of township officers elected at the February election, appears in this issue. It was prepared for last week, but was crowded out by other matter.

Dennis Magee of Milton will remove to Bloomsburg, and start a bakery on East street, in H. Kleim's property, formerly occupied by E. Ralston.

John S. Mann died at his Stonytown home on Monday afternoon, aged about fifty-four years. A wife and four children mourn his loss. He has been an invalid for several years.

Anna Gould, daughter of the late Jay Gould, was married to Count de Castellane, a Frenchman, in New York on Monday. She is worth many millions and her income is two thousand dollars a day. It is likely that this titled foreigner will soon make her think that this is none too much.

The following letters are advertised March 5th, 1895. Mr. M. A. Bertolet, Mr. J. J. Cantwell, Mrs. Flint, Miss Maggie Holdren, Mr. Ellis Merell, Dora V. Moffet, Mrs. Annie Riegle (wife of Wm. Demer). Will be sent to the dead letter office March 19th, 1895.

JAMES H. MERCER, P. M.

"Si Perkins."

Tacoma (Wash) Telegraph May 17, '94—A house that was packed to the doors greeted the Si Perkins company at the Ninth street theater. The play is a New England rustic comedy drama, and seemed to strike the fancy of the audience, judging from the uproarious merriment that existed during the entire evening.

Bloomsburg Opera House, Saturday Night March 9th.

Fashionable Livery

The well known horseman has opened a fashionable livery in connection with his boarding stable at the Exchange Hotel Stables, where fine turnouts can be obtained, single or double. He has well broken and safe saddle and driving horses for ladies, all at reasonable rates. Orders left at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention. Drivers furnished when desired.

tf W. A. HARTZELL, Proprietor

There is but one case in the Supreme Court from Montour county this year.

Our jobbing department is now engaged in printing one thousand copies of the Normal School Quarterly, and two paper books for the Supreme Court, in addition to our usual big run of miscellaneous work.

Have you ever noticed how your system seems to crave special assistance in the spring? Just the help required is given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

J. L. Girton has put a new omnibus on the East Bloomsburg line. It holds fourteen passengers. The travel to the Pennsylvania station is rapidly increasing.

Robert McBride fell from one of the Magee houses on Fourth street, on Thursday morning while painting, and was badly cut about the head, and otherwise bruised. He was removed to his home.

The girder over the front of J. R. Townsend's clothing store having rotted so that the brick work above had commenced to crack, it became necessary to put in a new one, which is of iron. B. W. Jury is doing the work.

It is not pleasant to print dunning notices in the paper, and we avoid it as much as possible, but when an examination of our books shows that that there is a large amount outstanding that is needed in our business, the necessity of calling attention to it is forced upon us. The times are hard, and for that reason we have been just as lenient as possible, but expenses are heavy, and when money does not come in fast enough to pay them, we must ask for what is due. All subscribers who owe for a year or more will please settle before April 1st. Statements of the amount due will be sent through the paper to those who are in arrears, and prompt payment is requested. tf.

All wishing to procure good photographic views and descriptions of the places connected with the early life of Christ and His Apostles, showing where He was born, brought up, baptized, tempted, transfigured and crucified, and the various places made sacred by the labors of Himself and His Apostles, can easily secure them in 24 serial parts, by taking advantage of the liberal opportunity now offered at Mr. Slate's popular book store in this place. The work is gotten out artistically, and much after the style of the "Magic City," or World's Fair pictures. For Mr. Slate's liberal inducement to purchasers see his advertisement elsewhere in this paper.

2 22-3t

Live Bird Shooting Match.

The members of the Bloomsburg Gun Club had a trial of skill at shooting on Thursday the 28th of February, which resulted as follows:

	Killed.	Missed.
C. P. Armstrong	10	0
H. Eshelman	6	4
W. K. Armstrong	9	1
C. W. McKelvy	3	7
W. S. Rishton	7	3
H. Aurand	0	10
L. Lowenberg	7	3
J. H. Mercer	6	4
Wm. Snyder	5	5

W. E. Sterner has been engaged at the carpenter's trade in this town for many years, and has done much of the finest work here. His last big job was on the Moyer and Peacock building. Any one having carpenter work to be done, by the day, or by the job or contract should call on him. 2t.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

CHEAP TELEPHONES.

A Decision of the United States Supreme Court Ends Several Patents.

One of the most important and far-reaching patent case decisions ever handed down by the Supreme Court of the United States—that of the Bate Refrigerator Company against Ferdinand Sultzberger & Co., involving probably $600,000,000 of invested capital, was determined for the people and against the great telephone and other electrical corporations on Monday. The case was one upon which depended the question of when American patents expire when foreign patents have been previously issued, and it was decided in an exhaustive opinion by Justice Harlan.

In thus invalidating most of the existing Bell and Edison telephone patents as well as the patents in the Bate case, the Court held that the invention for which Bate received a patent was previously patented in a foreign country, and the United States patent did expire with the foreign patents.

Among the patents effected are three issued to the Western Union Telegraph Company, on applications filed by Thomas A. Edison. These inventions became the property of the American Bell Telephone Company by the telephone consolidation contract of November 1, 1879

These Edison patents are claimed to be fundamental and they, with the Berliner patent, now in litigation, and which remained in the patent office from 1877 to November, 1891, expire at the date of the expiration of the foreign patents, the first of which are now declared to have run out last year. The inventions have been in use since 1878. The Edison inventions were patented abroad in England, France and Canada in 1877, in Belgium, Austria-Hungary, Italy, Germany and Spain in 1878, and in Prussia in 1882.

They are free in foreign countries, and under the construction now given of section 4887 are made free in this country. Substantially, the decision will affect in the same way the quadruplex telegraph patents which were applied for in October, 1874, and issued December 15, 1885.

The incandescent lamp patents owned by the General Electric Company are also included in these, which will be affected by the decision.

The effect of the doctrine laid down by the Court upon other patents of a like character is so far-reaching that even the lawyers who filed briefs in the case, including those representing the Bell Telephone Company and others not parties to this suit, cannot fully define it.

A COMPLETE OVERTURNING.

The early inventions of Mr. Edison in the telegraph, the telephone, the phonograph, electric lighting and the electric railway, those made and forming the subject matter of patent applications prior to 1882, were patented upon a construction of the statute the reverse of that which was subsequently held by Judge Nixon and the Circuit Courts of the United States, which is thus upheld by the highest tribunal of the land. Almost all applications were made upon the theory that if you first apply for your American patent, then apply for and issue your foreign patent, the life of the American patent will not be limited thereby. If the Supreme Court had taken this monopolistic view of the case and reversed the Circuit Courts, all patents which were not issued in the United States 17 years ago and for which no foreign application was made prior to the date of the American application, would have been found to be possessed of a more or less extensive term of existence.

"THE LAND OF FLOWERS."

Personally-Conducted Tours to Florida via Pennsylvania Railroad.

Undoubtedly one of the most original and highly satisfactory creations of the Pennsylvania Railroad is the inauguration of personally conducted tours under the supervision and direction of a Tourist Agent and Chaperon, and the marked success and popularity of the tours to Florida are due to several causes; the complete appointment of the special trains, the liberality of the rate and the return limit of tickets, are among the features that have attracted the traveling public.

The next tour of this year's series to Jacksonville, allowing two week's stay in Florida, will leave New York and Philadelphia on March 12. The rate, including transportation, meals *en route*, and Pullman berth on special train in each direction, is $50.00 from New York and $48.00 from Philadelphia; proportionate rates from other points.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents, or address Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York, or Room 411, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, to whom application for space should also be made.

Almost a New York Daily.

That Democratic wonder, The New York Weekly *World*, has just changed its weekly into a twice a-week paper, and you can now get the two papers a week for the same old price—$1.00 a year, with THE COLUMBIAN $1.75. Think of it! The news from New York right at your door fresh every three days—104 papers a year.

ABSOLUTELY PURE
THE OLD RELIABLE
SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE
Has stood the Test of Time
MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

12-28-1y. K. & Co.

The Bloomsburg Candy Mf'g Co.

This comparatively new establishment is now turning out first class goods. While the manufactory is located on Center street, under the Opera House, they have also a retail establishment at the old stand on Main street. Here may be found fresh-made candy of both home and foreign manufacture. Candy is fresh made every hour. Here children may find pure goods, choice taffies, French creams, caramels, bon bons, &c. At the Main street stand may be found dry nuts, fruits, sweet potatoes and early vegetables also. J. Bush and N. Malfaiera are the reliable and gentlemanly proprietors, and they will be pleased to accomodate customers either at wholesale or retail.

2-22-tf.

DR. MacTAGGART,

THE NOTED

Specialist

OF PENNSYLVANIA, IN

LONG STANDING CHRONIC CASES AND DISEASES OF WOMEN,

—) OF (—

HARRISBURG, - PA.,

227 Herr St., between 2d and 3d Sts.,

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ON TUESDAY OF EACH WEEK.

OFFICE HOURS—Office hours will be from 8:30 to 11:30 in the morning. From 1 o'clock to 4 in the afternoon, and from 7 to 9 in the evening, excepting Sunday.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Many years' experience has taught him that nearly all ailments can be cured or greatly helped. The diseases he treats are Consumption, all Bronchial Affections, Loss of Manhood, Crooked Limbs, Wry Necks, Barrenness, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Syphilis, Eye and Ear Diseases, Skin Diseases, Neuralgia, Bright's Disease, Ulcers and Old Sores of every description, Rheumatism, either acute or chronic, Sick Headache, Epilepsy, Gastritis, Congestion, Canker, Tonsilitis, Deafness, St. Vitus' Dance, Impediment of Speech, Loss of Voice, Stuttering, Cancer of the Stomach, Piles, Jaundice, Constipation, Biliousness, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chills and Fever, Fistula, Bilious Colic, Paralysis, Heart Disease, Intestinal Worms and Liver Complaints.

However, it must be remembered that he will not undertake to treat all cases, *but only those* which he is positive can be cured or greatly relieved, and will tell you at once which, *if either*, can be accomplished.

DR. MacTAGGART is the only specialist this side of New York, Philadelphia and Buffalo, who makes an exclusive specialty of treating Chronic Cases and the Diseases of Women. Those who have been suffering for years should call at once and learn whether their ailment can be cured or not. No cases received unless they can be cured or greatly helped.

What Dr. MacTaggart

HAS DONE AND IS DOING.

The Doctor wishes the public to understand that he is not soliciting the ordinary run of cases, but desires just such diseases to treat that other physicians cannot succeed with or at least fail to cure. When you suffer from such *consult* HIM (consultation is free), have him thoroughly diagnose your case, and then what he tells you can be relied upon as a fact beyond refutation. Some may say, "Why go to Dr. MacTaggart when we have as good doctors here as anywhere?" Yes, so you have in their line of practice, but *not* in those specialties that Dr. MacTaggart is schooled and practiced in. In support of this unqualified assertion read his testimonials—not only read them, but investigate the truthfulness of them. Where are the physicians who can remove cancers without pain and cure it beyond peradventure? He does it. Where can you find another physician in Pennsylvania who can remove tumors of even 60 pounds weight without the use of the knife, without pain, and without leaving a scar? Dr. MacTaggart does it. What physician can cure fistulas without cutting or causing the least pain or soreness during treatment? Dr. MacTaggart does it successfully. These are golden truths—*golden* because it proves beyond dispute that the science of medicine in specialties particularly, is advancing with rapid strides far in the lead of the regular practioner. 1-18-1y.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania, Monday, the 18th day of March, A. D. 1895, by George W. Davis, John F. Kress, C. G. Murphy, John E. Reilly, Martin Welsh, James Reilly, David Welsh, Lewis E. Davis, O. B. Millard, Chris Rooney, Edward Dempsey, John J. Laughlin, J. M. Gwinner and others, under the act of assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of certain Corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the several supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended Corporation to be called "The Citizens' Building and Loan Association of Centralia, Pa.," the character and object of which is the "accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof, and of safely investing the same;" and for these purposes, to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its Supplements.

CHARLES G. BARKLEY,
Feb. 20th, 1895, 4t. Solicitor.

"By Fair Dealing We Thrive."

We'll let you know all about the Guess Candle in next week's issue. About 11,000 guesses have been sent here.

SPRING HATS, 1895.

Stetson's celebrated hat—soft and stiff—black, pearl, havana, brown. The "Normal" stiff hat $2.00. The "Bloomsburg" stiff hat $2.50. The "Gaiety Girl" flange brim,—any and all of the leading shapes and colors here.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

Silk or plain lined—for extra large, extra stout, extra slim, as well as ordinary sizes. Special No. 1.—Gray spring coat, at $10.00. Special No. 2—Extra fine black vienna silk lined coat at $12.00.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

Hatters. CLOTHIERS. Furnishers.

Bloomsburg Literary Institute
—AND—
State Normal School,

Prepares for teaching; for college; for business; for social duties. Eight departments. Equipment worth half a million dollars. Specialists of successful experience employed as teachers. A high standard of scholarship maintained. State aid to all persons preparing to teach. No school can give more for the money. Few can give so much. Send for circulars and outline of course. Special classes for teachers. Spring term will open March 25th, 1895.

J. P WELSH, Principal,
3-8-3t. Bloomsburg, Pa.

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your attention to our line of
JEWELRY,
WATCHES,
SILVERWARE,
GLASSES,
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We Blow Our Own Horn

only to attract your attention. Then we want to invite you to visit us—it is immaterial whether or not you want to purchase anything. We are showing a fine line of silver and glass ware.

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Blowing Your Own Horn

is all right when there is no one else to blow it for you. Whoever sells first-class goods at low prices can depend upon his customers to blow his horn for him. This is my policy in the sale of jewelry, watches, silverware glasses, &c.

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GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
COCOA
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A Superb Religio-Educational Fine Art Publication.

"The earthly footsteps of the Man of Galilee," piously traced with note book, pencil and camera, has created quite a stir in England. The London News has ordered 40,000 copies of the No. 1 Portfolio alone. These folios each contain 16 beautiful views—also an eight colored map in all portfolios. The collection of 384 photographs was made by the celebrated landscape photographer, R. E. M. Bain. The descriptive matter was written by Rev. John H. Vincent, D. D., L. L. D., and Rev. James W. Lee, D. D., after 3 separate tours of the Holy Land. An opportunity is thus given to make a delightful tour through Palestine without leaving home, bringing a far off country and time near to us.

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BOOKS, STATIONERY AND WALL PAPER.

Exchange Block.

BICYCLES.

Cleveland, $100, 20 lbs.
Rochester, $100, 21 lbs.
Lovel, $100, 19½ lbs.
Envoy, $75, 23 lbs.

This is my line for this year. The first three are too well known in this town to need an introduction. The last one, the "Envoy," a 23 lb. road wheel for men, and the Fleetwing, a 24 lb. beauty for the ladies, are the finest in the country for the money. We invite you to call and see them.

OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE. **W. S. RISHTON,**

WASHINGTON.

Vice-President Stevenson mild but not weak.--Objectionable Riders in Relation to Issuing Bonds May Defeat one or more of the General Appropriation Bills.--Reed's Prospects not the most Brilliant tor Speaker.--The Aerial Flyers Want $100,000.--It Would Seem to be Better Spent Than on Rain-Makers.--Pert Words from Representative Baily.--Postmaster General Bissel Retired.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, March 2nd., 1895.

Vice-President Stevenson is as mild mannered a gentleman as ever presided over the U. S. Senate, but he this week demonstrated to the Senate as well as the public that there is a gulf between mildness and weakness. When the excitement, which has been a marked feature in the Senate all the week, culminated in the greatest uproar ever remembered to have been seen on the floor of the Senate, brought on by the attempt to prevent the Gorman amendment, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue 3 per cent. loan certificates whenever ready money was needed, being laid before the Senate, he proved himself equal to the occasion, by ordering the Sergeant-at-arms to restore order, although he must have seen from the faces of the older Senators that he was trampling upon tradition and dignity by so doing. He even went further, by refusing to allow business to be resumed until perfect order was restored, and then to add force to the object lesson in good manners that he was giving to unruly Senators he directed the Sergeant-at-arms to insist upon order being maintained and to place a sufficient number of assistants upon the floor to enforce the order. Then when you might have heard a pin drop the Vice-President calmly said: "The Senator from Maryland will now proceed." Afterwards the Gorman amendment was withdrawn to prevent the Sundry Civil appropriation bill being talked to death.

It will not be positively known until the Fifty-third Congress dies by limitation, next Monday, whether failure of one or more appropriation bills will force the calling of an early extra session. There is little doubt that the appropriation bills can be put through in time by hard work, but there are several pending amendments—among them that repealing all laws for the issue of bonds—either of which will bring out a Presidential veto, if they are not dropped.

New stories of the reign of Czar Reed over the House are scarce, but Representative Crain, of Texas, tells one that is new, at least in Washington. He says the following conversation occurred in one of the House Galleries while Mr. Reed was speaker, between a precocious boy and his father who had brought him to the Capitol to see Congress: Boy—"Who are all those men down there, writing and reading newspapers? Father—"Those are the speakers of the House of Representatives, my son." Boy—"Who is that great big fat man in the chair under the American flag." Father—"That, my son, is the House of Representatives."

Senator Brice has been unmercifully guyed for attempting to secure an appropriation from Congress of $100,000 for experimenting in aerial machines, but the Senator insists that the wheels in his head haven't slipped any cogs, and further that the government ought to assist in hastening the era of aerial navigation, which is bound to come sooner or later.

Representative Bailey, of Texas, is as good a silver man as Representative Bryan, of Nebraska, but he declines to sign the letter addressed to the public, which Mr. Bryan is circulating among democratic members, and he gives his reasons for declining as follows: "Bryan's idea leans more to what is expedient and further from what is democratic than I want to go. It is his desire to pronounce solely for free silver 16 to 1 and stop. Not a word of tariff, nothing of state banks. No announcement of any further principles of government which should guide a party. A party cannot succeed with naught but silver. Man cannot live by bread alone. Bryan's idea is practically only for a day. He believes in using all the silver forces; democratic, republican and populist. I believe in being a democrat and in having a party of democrats. If populists and republicans aiming at free silver and act with us, I would be among the first to welcome them. But I can't surrender my party's faith to gain temporary aid. It might do for the present, but would waste the party and wreck the country in the future. I look on populism as an equal public threat with republicanism. Carry republican doctrines to their ultimate working out, and a few men would own all the property of the country, and the rest would be beggars. Carry populism to its utmost expression and nobody would have any property at all. I'm against both."

The House has had time to kill this week, while waiting for the Senate to act on the appropriation bills. It passed the bill authorizing an arbitration commission to settle disputes between interstate common carriers and their employes and a number of unimportant measures.

President Cleveland made a hit in choosing a successor to Postmaster General Bissell, who retired this week.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY. }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and suscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. 1m.

EFFECT OF THE LOAN.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: The surprising success of the new loan and the great confidence it has given to investors on both sides of the water and to business men encourage many to hope that it may be the beginning of a real and substantial business recovery. Considering the power which control of these bonds gives to regulate foreign exchanges and to prevent exports of gold, the transaction has indeed greatly changed the financial situation in spite of the fact that government revenues are still deficient and that domestic trade shows scarcely any gain as yet. The industries are not enlarging production, nor have prices of farm products improved. But a very important source of apprehension and hindrance has for the time at least been removed.

Railroads in Bad Shape.

Nearly 160 in the Hands of Receivers.

Secretary of Internal Affairs Brown states in his annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30 last, the concluding chapters of which were made public on the 22d of February, that there are in the United States 156 operating roads in the hands of receivers. Of these 106 passed from the control of the shareholders to the possession of the bondholders during the period covered by the report. The capitalization of these roads is upward of two and a half billions, or more than one-fourth of the entire capitalization of the railway interests of the country.

A Lucky Editor.

Dr. H. N. Leete, editor of the *Scranton News* has had $50,000 fall to him by the will of H. B. Cary of Los Angeles, California. In 1862 Dr. Leete loaned Cary $500. At that time both men lived in Newark, New Jersey. Cary emigrated to California and made a fortune, but he never during his lifetime repaid Leete his money. When he died not long since, his will was found to contain a clause acknowledging his debt to Leete and stating that the $500 was the foundation of his fortune and in consideration of this he bequeathed him $50,000.—*Clearfield Republican.*

Nervous People.

And those who are all tired out and have that tired feeling or sick headache can be relieved of all these symptoms by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives nerve, mental and bodily strength and thoroughly purifies the blood. It also creates a good appetite, cures indigestion, heartburn and dyspepsia.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy in action and sure in effect. 25c.

Villainous Dog Murderers.

At a recent dog show in New York nine of the more valuable ones were poisoned, presumably through envy. The dogs were the property of Mrs. E. Senn, of New York, who places their value at $1,500. To those who are afraid of hydrophobia that seems to be a "dog on" lot of money to have in dogs. Gold-bearing bonds are far more secure.

Mrs. Senn sat and looked at the cages where her dead pets lay. She wept bitterly and was utterly unable to speak.

"Trust those who have tried."

Catarrh caused hoarseness and difficulty in speaking. I also to a great extent lost hearing. By the use of Ely's Cream Balm dropping of mucus has ceased, voice and hearing have greatly improved.—J. W. Davidson, Att'y at Law, Monmouth, Ill.

I used Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh and have received great benefit. I believe it a safe and certain cure. Very pleasant to take.—Wm. Frazer, Rochester, N. Y.

Price of Cream Balm is fifty cents.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEW YORK CITY MERCHANT.

How His Life Was Saved.

[From the New York City Catholic News.]

No one would think to look at Richard B. Brown, a commission merchant, of No. 306 Washington street, New York City, that for six weeks he suffered in agony in his bed and that physicians had said it was impossible for him to regain his health.

But now he is back in his office, vigorous and hearty. He regards Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, as the savior of his life. Mr. Brown's story is remarkable.

"For several years," said Mr. Brown to a reporter the other day, "I suffered from inflammation and ulceration of the bladder, a most stubborn disease. My family physician was unable to relieve me. At the advice of friends I consulted specialists, and they all failed to do me any good. All this time I was growing worse, and at last I was compelled to take to my bed.

"My mother-in-law had heard of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and she asked me to give it a trial. I had been confined to my bed for five weeks and I admit that I didn't think there was much chance of getting out of it. Well, I tried Favorite Remedy. There seemed to be a change that surprised me. In a week I was able to get out of bed and go afound the house, and in a short time I recovered completely. To-day I'm as well as ever and, what's better yet, I feel that I am permanently cured. I can work sixteen hours a day now, and not be broken up a bit. To Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is all the credit due."

Favorite Remedy ranks, with the medical profession, as the most perfect of all blood and nerve medicines. It restores the liver to a healthy condition, and cures the worst cases of constipation. It is a certain cure for all diseases peculiar to females, and affords great protection from attacks that originate in change of life. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, rheumatism, dyspepsia, all kidney, bladder and urinary diseases, gravel, diabetes and Bright's disease.

In this last disease it has cured where all else failed. Any druggist can supply it. 2t.

Did Not Blame Them.

A pretty and talkative little girl, evidently her mother's pet, was riding in a Sixth avenue "L" train the other afternoon. Her mother accompanied her. The child often set the passengers laughing at her droll and ingenuous remarks. Presently a remarkably fat Chinaman, in full Chinese costume, entered and sat opposite the child.

She looked at him in apparent amazement, and then, turning to her mother, with an air that showed she had "given it up," asked:

"Mamma, what's that opposite!"

"Sh! That's a Chinaman, my dear," answered the mother, in a low tone.

"The same kind of Chinaman papa says the Japanese are killing?"

"Yes, my dear. Don't talk so loud."

The child meditated a moment and then said:

"Well, I don't blame 'em!"—*N. Y. Herald.*

The Cultured West.

The members of the Enid (Okla.) Millionaire Club are making an exquisite rag carpet for their club room floor.

The progressive woman lives in Kansas, where one woman editor went to the State Editorial Convention with no baggage but a small handbag.

A Perry (Okla.) merchant refunds the money to all mothers of twins who make purchases.

Lawrence, Kan., is accused of being sybaritic, possessing, as it does, a hot tamale man.

Missouri brides and grooms no longer swap chewing-gum during the wedding ceremony.—*N. Y. Record.*

In New Orleans you can now ride 14 miles by electricity for five cents. No wonder steam roads are petering out, as it were.

A YACHT RACE SURE.

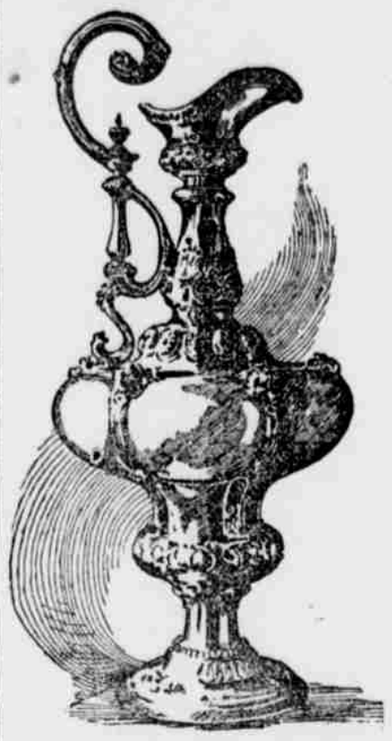
ANOTHER CONTEST FOR THE AMERICA CUP.

The Greatest Struggle in the History of Yachting Promised—British Pluck vs. Yankee "Get There"—The Yachts That May be in the Race.

Special New York Letter.

After as much correspondence and hair-splitting as would settle a great international controversy, the New York Yacht Club and the Royal Yacht Club, of England, have arranged for another race for the America cup, to take place off this harbor at some date to be fixed in September next. As a matter of fact, the contest is really a great international struggle, of more interest to the people of both countries than either the Fisheries question or the Bluefields incident, which have lately absorbed so much newspaper attention.

The America Cup has wielded potent influence on American and English



The America Cup.

yacht designing and building, and incidentally on the shipbuilding of the two nations. The cup was offered originally as an international challenge cup by Queen Victoria, in behalf of English yachtsmen, and called the "Queen's Cup." On August 22, 1851, it was won off Cowes, Isle of Wight, by the New York yacht, America, against the whole English yacht fleet. The America was built especially by the great American shipbuilder, George Steers, to bring the cup to this country. Here it has remained ever since, and has become known to fame as the "America Cup," and as the most important trophy of yachting supremacy in the world. Probably no other quality manifested by Americans has proved so irritating to John Bull as our sucess in defending this trophy, which he still regards as the "Queen's Cup," and seeks with bulldog tenacity to take back to England. The English yachts Cambria, Livonia, Genesta, Galatea, Thistle and Valkyrie, and the Canadian yachts Countess of Dufferin and Atlanta, have all tried for the cup, and been beaten by Yankee yachts and skippers. These contests have attracted the attention of the whole world, and led to most important changes in yacht racing and designing on both sides of the Atlantic, so that at the present time the sport absorbs the attention of emperors, princes, lords and millionaires, as well as of all who ever saw a sailboat or who love the excitement of international contests.

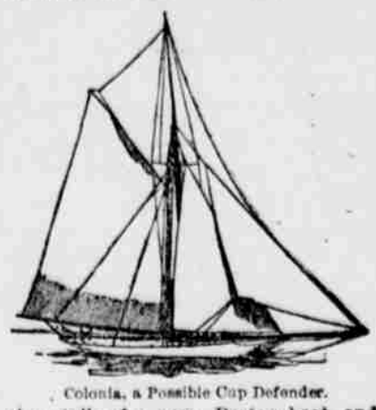
The most absorbing interest is taken in the coming contest on both sides of the Atlantic. The challenger is Lord Dunraven, who made the unsuccessful contest with the Valkyrie in 1893. He is having a new yacht built, which is to be ninety feet in length on the water line. It will also be named the Valkyrie, and will be built by Watson, the famous English yacht designer, who planned the Thistle and the first Valkyrie and many other famous English yachts, including the Prince of Wales' cutter Britannia.

English yachtsmen undoubtedly build their hopes of at last winning the cup on the good sailing of the Britannia against the Vigilant in British waters last year. Our yachtsmen are not at all disturbed over the showing made by the Vigilant on the English club courses. The Vigilant was built to defend the America Cup, on an open ocean course, in our own waters, and she defeated the Valkyrie by her superior work in sailing to wind-

Earl of Dunraven, Challenger.

ward and in running before the wind. On the tortuous English courses these two points of sailing were of minor account, quick handling and knowledge of currents and shifts of wind being of more importance. The Vigilant invariably outsailed the Britannia where the course was free and the wind steady, but as she rarely had these conditions she succumbed to the English yacht in a majority of the races. There is every reason, however, to believe that the Vigilant could defeat the Britannia over an ocean course with as much ease as she did the Valkyrie.

The new British yacht will undoubtedly be better than either the Valkyrie or Britannia, and so a new cup defender will be built. A New York syndicate has already ordered a boat of the Hereshoffs. The new boat will be ninety feet on the water line, will be built entirely of Tobin bronze, and will have a centre-board. These points are practically decided. It is possible there may be one or two other new boats. A Philadelphia syndicate is expected to build a keel yacht after designs by Mr. Louis Nixon, the famous designer of our war ships. There is



Colonia, a Possible Cup Defender.

also talk of a new Boston boat, and some Baltimore yachtsmen are anxious to prove that their city can reassert its former yachting supremacy.

Another good suggestion is to put the yacht Colonia in shape to meet the new British yacht. The Colonia was built in 1893 as a cup defender, but was beaten in the trial races by the Vigilant. She showed herself to be faster than the Vigilant on most points of sailing, but was unable to keep pace with her in windward work. The Colonia is a keel boat, and it is believed that merely the addition of a centreboard will correct her weakness in windward work and make her the fastest yacht ever sailed. Yachtsmen generally pin their faith to the new yacht to be built by the Hereshoffs. It is believed that Nat Herreshoff has every detail laid down for the new cup defender, and that she will show the same improvement over old designs that all of his yachts have heretofore shown. It is remembered with pride that the two small yachts he built last year for English yachtsmen won every race they sailed across the water. There is certainly no reason for American wachtsmen to despair of our being able to successfully defend the cup again. MILTON S. MAYHEW.

The Famous Curfew.

Erroneous notions have long prevailed concerning the original object of the curfew. The custom of covering up fires about sunset in summer, and about 8 at night in winter, is supposed to have been introduced by William I., and to have been imposed upon the English as a badge of servitude; and it has often been quoted to show with what severity the Conqueror sought to press his cruel government even to the very firesides of his subjects. But this opinion does not seem to be well founded, for there is evidence that the same prevailed in France, Spain, Italy, Scotland and prabably all the other countries of Europe at this period.

The curfew was intended as a caution against fires, which were then very destructive, as so many houses were built of wood; and of such fires the Saxon "Chronicle" makes frequent mention. Again, the curfew is said to have been used in England at a much earlier date than the Conqueror's reign, and by so good a monarch as Alfred the Great. He ordained that all the inhabitants of Oxford should, at the ringing of the curfew at Carfax, cover up their fires and go to bed; which custom it is stated in Peshall's "History of Oxford," "is observed to this day, and the bell as constantly rings at 8 as Great Tom tolls at 9." It is reasonable to conclude that the Conqueror revived or continued the custom, which was previously established in Normandy.

The curfew is mentioned to a late period as a common and approved regulation, which would not have been the case had it been originally imposed as a badge of servitude or a law to prevent the people from meeting at their firesides and conspiring against an oppressive rule. We even find the ringing of the curfew bell provided for by bequests of tracts of land or other property, although this ringing was but the relic of the custom; for the people are not supposed to have put out their fires and lights beyond the reign of William II. Henry I. restored the use of lamps and candles at court after the ringing of the curfew.

More Precious Than Gold.

If platinum continues to advance in price gold will soon be no longer distinguishable as the precious metal, as the continued rise will cause gold to be as cheap in comparison as silver is to gold. If an astute business man had foreseen this rise, and made a "corner" in platinum, he would have done a good stroke of business, for the price of platinum has increased five times during the past three years and is on the upward grade. The cause of this enormous appreciation is the demand for electrical purposes, and the output of the mines has not kept up with the demand. As electricity is brought home to the public the demand and price will increase, for there are several uses to which platinum is put for which no other metal has yet been found suitable. Notably among these are contact points and leading in wires for electric lamps. Electric bells even now are often fitted with contacts which resemble the real thing and yet are but a sham. In the other case the co-efficient of expansion is the valuable feature. Therefore the problem is to find a metal which will not oxidize on being exposed to the effects of the "break" spark of an inductive circuit and to get one which will make a tight joint with glass and has the same co-efficient of expansion as that material.—Industries and Iron.

Painted Marble.

The new academy of Athens is built of marble from the same quarries which furnished the marble for the Parthenon, and its sculptures are brilliantly decorated in red, blue and gold. This might be considered barbaric if it were not classical, but since the discoveries made in excavations at Athens within the last twenty years, it is no longer possible to doubt that the Ancient Greeks often painted their choicest marbles in the most gaudy colors.

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FOR THE SCHOOLROOM

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What we tell you, you can depend on. Everything we sell you is guaranteed. We do business on the "money-back" plan, and we do more business than any other house in our line. We want everybody interested in school work to have our catalogue, so we can do still more business. Catalogues free.

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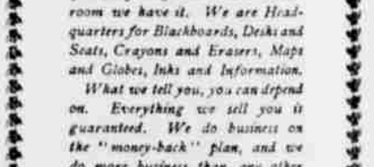

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Borough and Township Officers.

The following are the officers chosen at the recent election :

BEAVER—Justice of Peace, J. P. Frey; Constable, C. A. Shuman; Supervisors, Samuel Lehr, Henry Eckroth; Overseer, Samuel Klingaman; School directors, W. O. Longenberger, John Fritz; Assessor, G. P. Hensinger; Judge of Election, F. D. Knecht; Inspectors, W. W. Schell, Samuel Horlocker.

BENTON—Constable, E. Knouse; Supervisors, J. L. C. Kline, J. N. Shultz; Overseer, J. R. Keeler; School Directors W. M. Appleman, D. F. Lutz, R. T. Smith; Assessor, J. R. Cole; Judge of Elections, D. E. Keeler; Inspectors, F. K. Seeley, P. G. Shultz; Auditor, C. B. Hess; Town Clerk, John C. Wenner.

BERWICK—Justice of Peace, Augustus Shuman: High Constable, Gideon Belshlein; Constable, J. N. Harry; councilmen, T. H. Doan, F. P. Hill; Overseer, H. C. Laubach; School Directors, John A. Smethers, Francis Bower; Assessor, John B. Lockard; Assistant Assessor, G. A. Buckingham N. E., S. C. Marteny N. W., H. E. Walton, S. E., Frank Smith S. W; Judge of Elections, M. L. Jarrard N. E., O. S. McBride N. W., John R. McAnall S. E., Thomas Lauer S. W; Inspectors, H. F. Traugh, Boyd Smith N. E., C. R McAnall, Harry Grozier N. W., W. H. Martz, A W. Amerman S. E., L. S. Jacoby, John Sterner S. W; Tax Collector, James L. Evans.

BRIARCREEK—Justice of Peace, Headley Sult; Constable, G. W. Hosler; Supervisors, Adam Sult, S. S. Sitler; Overseer, Geo. W. Ash; School Directors, Newman Bower, M. H. Petty; Assessor, William Lamon; Judge of Election, D. H. Miller; Inspectors, C. F. Martz, Daniel Albertson; Auditor, Gideon Michael; Town Clerk, E. S. Martz.

CATAWISSA—Councilmen, Luther Eyer, A. H. Sharpless; Constable Lora Styers; High Constable, G. W. Harder; Overseer Jesse Mensch; School Directors, C. E. Geyer, Simon Raup; Judge of Elections, Adam Truckenmiller; Inspectors, A. F. Harman, C. E. Smith; Assessor, James E. Bibby; Auditor I. H. Seesholtz.

CATAWISSA TWP.—Justice of Peace, Daniel Federolf; Constable, Aaron Shoop; Supervisors, John Huber, William Levan; Overseer, John Waltz; School Directors, Jacob Tronseau, W. H. Leiby; Assessor Wm. Zimmerman; Judge of Elections, John Barns; Inspectors, Martin Rider, M. C. Federolf; Auditor, Daniel Beck.

CENTRALIA—Constable, David Dyke; Chief Burgess, Wm. Griffith; Councilmen, Edward Reese, Robt. P. Farrel Jr; School Directors, Thos. J. Reese, John B. Lynch; Judge of Elections, B. I. Curran 1st ward, Patrick Curran 2nd ward; Inspectors, John Pickens, Robt. Brennan 1st ward, James M. Reilley, Vincent Strausser 2nd ward; Assessor D. H. Walsh; Assistant Assessor, P. J. Curran 2nd ward, M. W. Breman 1st ward; Auditor, Reese Davis; Tax Collector, Jno. W. Fortner.

CENTER—Constable, I. J. Hess; Supervisors, John Kelchner, T. D. Straus; Overseer, Elisha Hagenbuch; School Directors, Charles Conner, Geo. Whitmire: Assessor, T. D. Robbins; Judge of Elections, J. C Cryder; Inspectors, Miles Bower, Ed. Hess; Auditor, A. C. Creasy.

CLEVELAND—Constable, Obediah Yocum; Supervisors, Byron Keller, Elias Mourey; Overseer, John Parker; School Directors, William Miller, Isaiah Rhodes; Assessor, Stephen Smith; Judge of Elections, John G. Gable; Inspectors, J. R. Wynn, F. J. Pfahler; Auditor, F. P Fisher.

CONYNGHAM—Justice of Peace, D W. Lenihan; Constable, George Carver, Supervisors, Peter Welsh, John Pitts; Poor Director, Peter Lenahan: School Directors, Patrick Cosgrove, James Monahan; Assessor, E. W. Hanaback; Assistant Assessor, E. E. Stroup, N. W. Jesse Walter W., W. E. Kelker S. E., J. J. Miller E. N., Chas. Weiderman S W; Judge of Elections, P. J. Joyce E. N., Michael Burns S. E., Harry Osman S. W. Hiram Watson, W., James Kostenbauder W. N; Inspectors, Patrick Cain, Anthony Mahaloy E. N., E. W. Honaback, Daniel Roach W. N., James McHale, John J. Coney S. E., Peter Lenahan, P. J. Cain S. W., Patrick Gillaspy, Howard Bisel W; Auditor, Fred Leffler; Town Clerk, Peter Metzinger; Tax Collector, Jacob Benner.

FISHINGCREEK—Justice of Peace I. M. Creveling; Constable, W. E. Edgar; Supervisors, E. R. Lauderback, John P. Creasy; Overseer, J. A. Karns; School Directors, Wesley Eveland, J. N. Long; Assessor, E. S. Stoker; Assistant Assessor, Cyrus Robbins; Judge of Elections, W. N. Hosler E., W. J. Kramer W; Inspector, A. H. Hess, J. L. Runyon E., W. J. Smith, Joseph Meyers W; Auditor, O. D. McHenry; Town Clerk, J. O. Campbell; Treasurer, A. B. McHenry.

FRANKLIN—Justice of Peace, Wm. H. Artley; Constable, Ambrose Kile; Supervisors, Jonathan Loreman, Isaiah Fetterman; Overseer, Sylvester Shultz; School Directors, George Bucher, Jonathan Loreman; Assessor, Clark Yost; Judge of elections, Wm J George; Inspectors, Charles Kostenbauder, Samuel C. Loreman; Auditor, Thomas Elms; Tax Collector, Moses Hower.

GREENWOOD—Justice of Peace, C. B. Appleman; Constable, R. H. Bardo; Supervisors, G. W. Derr S. A. Miller; School Directors, Wesley J. Albertson, J. E. Welliver; Assessor, G. B. Patterson; Assistant Assessor, Bruce Black; Judge of Elections, George Fulmer, E., Harry Welliver, W.; Inspectors, E. F. Kline, B. F. Redline, E., W. C. Thomas, D. D. Brady, W.; Auditor, A. J. Derr.

HEMLOCK—Justice of Peace, G. B. Hosler; Constable, G W. Hartman; Supervisors, Lewis Girton, James Gulliver; Overseer, W. A. Miller; School Directors, J. C. Emmet, Jacob Harris; Assessor, John Deisenroat; Judge of Elections, William Tilley; Inspectors, T. W. Pursel, John G. Moore; Auditor, H. W. Appleman.

JACKSON—Constable, J. F. Smith; Supervisors, E. J Sones, F. P. Yorks; Overseer, John Savage; School Directors, Jeff. Fritz, Moses Savage; Assessor, M. O. Everhart; Judge of Elections, Frank Derr; Inspectors, B. L. Englehard, G. M. Hartman; Auditor, C. W. Young; Town Clerk, C. J. Savage.

LOCUST—Constable, J. L. Stine; Supervisors, Austin Cherington, J. A. Bitner; Overseer, John Rarig; School Directors, John Hughes, Charles Wagner; Assessor, Nelson Rhodes; Judge of Elections, W. C. Helwig; Inspectors, L. H. Lee, Jere Rhodes; Auditor, C. S. W Fox.

MADISON—Justice of Peace, Uriah Welliver; Constable, J. E. Wintersteen; Supervisors, George Whitenight, Elias Hendershott; Poor Director, C. Kreamer; School Director, John Howell, J. E. Shuman; Assessor, E F. Welliver; Judge of Election, Thomas Mordau; Inspectors, D. N. Williams, Judson Nye; Auditor, A. C. Smith.

MAINE—Constable, J. C. Mensinger: Supervisors, J. C. Shuman, Charles Reichart; Overseer, F. P. Grover; School Directors, A. W. Grover, Alex. Bittler; Assessor, J. W. Kelchner; Judge of Elections, Sol. Deaner; Inspectors, C. F. John, Gilbert Shuman; Auditor, J. A. Shuman; Treasurer, J. E. Longenberger.

MIFFLIN—Constable, G. H. Frey; Supervisor, W. F. Bertter, H. D. Miller; Overseer, G. W. Burling; School Directors, Harvey Boyd, Daniel Nyer; Assessor, J. E. Snyder; Judge of Elections J. C. Heeler, Inspectors, D. H. Guttenpaline, A. B. Fedder; Auditor, S. J. Keller.

MILLVILLE—Justice of Peace, V. P. Eves; Councilmen, J. B. Weliver, Thomas Wright; High Constable, E. R. Eves; Constable, John S. Cole; Assessor, Tilghman Stadler; School Directors, Aaron Kester, Shadrach Eves; Judge of Elections, D. C. Shoemaker; Inspectors, J. C. Christian, W. E. Johnson; Auditor, William Walter.

MONTOUR—Constable, J. S. Gordon; Supervisors, Daniel Fry, Michael Rauch; Overseer, Isaac Mourey; School Directors, G. W. Mourey, L. H. Hagenbuch; William Roth; Assessor, William Mensch; Judge of Elections' Peter S. Kashner; Inspectors, Daniel Cottner, Arthur Roberts; Auditor, W. M. Monroe.

MT. PLEASANT—Constable, J. J. Crawford; Supervisors, William Hower, Amos Wanich; Overseer, Hiram Crouse; School Directors, Daniel Mordan, William Crawford; Assessor, A. V. Kressler; Judge of Elections, Emanuel Gilbert; Inspectors, W. W. Whitenight, Millard Musgrave; Auditor, A. W. Dribleblis.

ORANGE—Constable, Amos Neyhard; Supervisors, Isaiah Neyhart, A. C. Achenbach; Overseer, A. W. Eveland; School Directors, M. F. Patterson, Jasper Poust; Assessor, E. W. Coleman; Judge of Elections, J. B. Montgomery; Inspectors, C. W. Turner, Harrison Brewer; Auditor, C. B. White.

PINE—Constable, W. H. Hayman; Supervisors, G. H Gordner, Theo. Mendenhall; Overseer, Nathaniel Moser; school Directors, E. Bogart, Wesley Baker; Assessor, R. Potter; Assistant, Assessor, P. W. Sones; Judge of Elections, Jos D. Potter, N., George Moser, S., Inspectors, Abraham Bennet, Wm. F. Boudman, N., J. D. Fought, J. B. M. Gordner, S.; Auditor, B. F. Karsner.

ROARINGCREEK—Constable, Albert Leiby Supervisors, D. W. Rarig, William Kunkle; Overseer, David Long; School directors, A. P. Cherrington, Peter Hower; Assessor, Jere Kunkle; Judge of Elections, William Hoffman; Inspectors, Curtis Cherrington, Lloyd Rarig; Auditor, A. H. Yocum; Tax collector, I. W. Cherrington.

SCOTT—Justice of Peace, J. M. Lehman; Constable, H. C. Waples; Supervisors, Wilson Wanich, S W. Baker; School Directors, H. N. White, Charles Lee, Jr.; Assessor, H. H. Brown; Assistant Assessor, O. B. Case; Judge of Elections, W. E. Dietrick, E., A. B. Henrie, W., Inspectors, D. E. Hughes, C. C. Ammerman, E., J. E. Zeigler J. W. Betz, W.; Auditor, J. E. White.

SUGARLOAF—Constable, M. P. Shoemaker; Supervisors, J. B. Davis, Gearheart Hess; School Directors, G. B. Hummer, Lloyd Gibbon; Assessor, A. R. Fritz; Assistant Assessor, S. S. Fritz; Judge of Elections, Shadrach Hess, N. J. G. Laubach, S.; Inspectors, D. L. Husted, Jno. C. Miller, N.; William Hartman, William Fritz, S.; Auditor, S. A. Goodhue; town clerk, E. R. Fritz.

A Good-Sized Bite.

Hermann Oelrichs maintains, and used to back his opinion with a $500 wager, that there is no authentic case on record of a shark that ever ate a man. Quite recently, however, off the Dry Tortugas, in the Mexican Gulf, a shark was caught, apparently suffering with a huge gumboil and hunting for a toothpick or a dentist. When opened, the head of a Texan steer, with both horns intact and in place, was found embedded in the monster's jaw. Sharks should steer clear of such dilemmas. But then it is the nature of sharks, human as well as aquatic, to bite off more than they can swallow or digest.—*N. Y. Journal.*

The Hop Drummer's Reception.

A story comes from Germany to the effect that a dealer in hops when paying his first visit to a famous brewery in South Germany, was about to enter the office, when he noticed a plate with the inscription: "Hop travelers up stairs." Concluding therefrom that a special room was set apart for interviewing travelers he took the hint, and on reaching the top of the stairs he found himself in a long passage, the walls of which were adorned at intervals with the image of a hand pointing in one direction. At the end of the corridor another hand pointed to a second flight of steps leading downwards. At the bottom of the steps a hand pointed to a door, which he opened and found himself—in the street.—*New Orleans Picayune,*

Robbed in Their Office.

Three employes of the *True American*, the American Protective Association paper published in St Louis, Mo., were assaulted in their office by three masked men at 1 o'clock on the morning of February 15, and the subscription books of the paper stolen. The robbers obtained access to the office through a transom.

A Party With a Record.

A paper before us calls attention to the fact that there are two things in which the Republican party has become quite noted. The first is, it created over 3,000 millionaires since it came into power, and during the same time it created about 10,000,000 tramps and 30,000,000 more poor men who can scarcely keep soul and body together long enough to keep from going to the poor house. No other party can say half as much.—*Ex.*

A strike was ordered on February 20th in New York city, calling off all carpenters, plasterers, plumbers, gasfitters, and sheet-iron-workers. It is said to affect all building operations in New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City; and that from 20,000 to 25,000 men were called out and away from their work. This strike started with the Electrical Worker's Union and it is called out of sympathy for them.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by W. S. Rishton. 6-15-1y.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

"HELP!"

A WOMAN'S DESPAIRING CRY.

It is Heard. A Prominent Actress Escapes Great Danger.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.)

How startling is a woman's cry for help!

"What can I do?" She knows not. This cry goes out today from every city, town, and hamlet in this country.

It comes from women who are suffering tortures of body and mind from some form of female complaint. Many, through natural modesty, do not consult physicians, for many dread their examinations. They know not where to seek for help.

This alarming condition of things is simply wrong. The peculiar ailments of women are curable, and in most cases very speedily. Lydia E. Pinkham's genius and liberality have given to every woman a sure and consistent means of relief.

No woman should suffer when she can obtain free advice. She can state her case fully to Mrs. Pinkham, woman to woman, without reserve, and the answer will come from one of her own sex. Be one of the vast army of women who write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., and preserve your health. "Only a woman can understand a woman's ills."

A prominent actress, in a letter to Mrs. Pinkham, says:—

". . . You cannot imagine the fearful condition I was in when I first wrote to you. I was simply of no use to myself or any one else. I had worked hard, and my nervous system was shattered from womb trouble and travelling constantly. I ran the gauntlet of doctors' theories, till my health and money were rapidly vanishing. . . . I'm all right now, and am gaining flesh daily. I follow your advice faithfully in everything. Thank you ten thousand times for what your knowledge and *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound have done for me."

ASSIGNEE'S SALE,

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order of the Court of Common Pleas, the undersigned assignee will sell at public sale on the several premises or at the Court House, on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1895:

AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.

NO. 1.—Exchange Hotel and Lot, situated on Main, or Second street, beginning at south-east corner of Main or Second street and Whitman's alley in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania; thence along said Second or Main street eastwardly, to the alley between the Exchange Hotel and Exchange block; thence along said alley southwardly, one hundred feet; thence along an alley north-eastwardly, eighty feet; thence southwardly, in a line parallel with Centre street one hundred and fourteen feet and six inches, to Pine alley; thence along Pine alley south-westwardly, one hundred sixty-eight feet and four inches, to Whitman's alley; thence along said alley north-westwardly, two hundred fourteen and one-half feet, to the place of beginning. Whereon is erected a four-story brick hotel, brick barn, icehouse and other outbuildings.

NO. 2.—Store buildings and lot, situated on north-east corner of Main and Market streets in said Town of Bloomsburg, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on north side of Second street, in line of lot of John K Grotz; thence on the line of said Second street south-westwardly, to Market Square, a distance of fifty-five feet; thence in line of said square seventy-one and a half feet; thence in line of said square south-westwardly, thirty-three feet to Market street; thence in the line of Market St. north-westwardly eighty-six feet to line of lot of Charles W. McKelvy Jr.; thence by said lot north-eastwardly to lot of John K. Grotz aforesaid; thence by said lot southwardly, one hundred and fifty-eight feet to Second street, the place of beginning.

NO. 3.—Opera House, situated on Centre street in said Town of Bloomsburg, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at north-west corner of Pine alley and Centre street, thence along Centre street northwardly, one hundred fourteen and one-half feet; thence westwardly along alley in rear of Exchange block fifty-three feet; thence southwardly parallel with Centre street one hundred and fourteen and one-half feet to Pine alley aforesaid; and thence eastwardly along said alley fifty-three feet to the place of beginning. Whereon is erected a brick building containing six store rooms on the first floor and a public hall on second floor as Bloomsburg Opera House.

NO. 4.—House and lot, situated on Catharine street in the Town of Bloomsburg, beginning at a point in east line of Catharine street and corner of lot of Franklin P. McBride; thence south-westwardly, fifty feet; thence eastwardly one hundred and fourteen feet to an alley; thence northwardly fifty feet to lot of F. P. McBride; thence westwardly to place of beginning; whereon is erected a double frame dwelling house and outbuilding.

NO. 5.—House and lot, situated on First street in the Town of Bloomsburg, bounded on the north by First street; on the east by Parsonage lot of Bloomsburg Baptist church, on the south by Ridge alley; and on the west by Jefferson street, having a front of about forty feet on First street.

NO. 6.—House and lot on West street, situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, bounded and described as follows: On the north by lot of John Pensyl, on the east by West street, on the south by lot of Catharine H. Wilson, and on the west by lot now, or late of John Pursel.

NO. 7.—House and lot on East street, situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, beginning at a post corner of Main street (East street) and William Kern's lot; thence by said street south-eastwardly fifty feet to lot late of George L. Johnson; thence by said lot south-westwardly one hundred and ninety-eight feet to an alley; thence by said alley north-westwardly fifty feet to a lot of William Kerns; thence by the same north-eastwardly one hundred and ninety-eight feet to the place of beginning; whereon is erected a double frame dwelling and a single frame dwelling, and outbuildings.

NO. 8—Wharf lot on Canal street in the Town of Bloomsburg, situate on said Canal street; beginning at a point on berme bank of Penna. canal and in west line of Market street, thence by said street northwardly one hundred and forty-eight feet, more or less to Port Noble street; thence by same westwardly five hundred four and a half feet, more or less, to land late of George Weaver, now of Penna. Canal Co.; thence by same southwardly one hundred and forty-eight feet, more or less, to the canal aforesaid; thence eastwardly by same five hundred four and one-half feet to place of beginning, containing about one and three-fourths acres.

NO. 9.—House and lot on Seventh street, in Town of Bloomsburg, bounded on the north by public road leading to Espy, on the east by lot of A. Noble, on the south by an alley, and on the west by lot of M. C. Woodward, being in front fifty feet, in depth two hundred feet; whereon is erected a two-story brick dwelling house, frame stable and outbuildings.

NO. 10—Grist mill, eight acres of land and three houses, situate in Hemlock township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, beginning at stone of line of land of William Ivey; thence by said land N., 58 deg. W. 9.7 perches to a post; thence N., 6 deg. W 6.6 perches to a point on bank of Head Race; thence 10¼ deg. E. 2.5 perches to a stone; thence N., 60 deg. E. 7.4 perches to a stone in public road leading from Bloomsburg to Buckhorn; thence N., 23¾ deg., E. 14.2 perches to a stone; thence N. 79 deg. E. 1.6 perches to a corner near a springhouse; thence N., 3 deg. W. 1 perch to a stone; thence S. 52½ deg. E. 2.4 perches to a stone; thence S. 17¾ deg. W. 5.1 perches to a stone; thence S. 2¾ deg. W. 8.6 perches to a stone in the public road; thence S. 72 deg. E. 11.1 perches to a white oak; thence along land of James Barton, S., 50 deg. W. 21 perches to a stone, the place of beginning; containing two acres and eighteen perches, being the property known as the Red Mill. Together with the reserved rights and water rights as set forth in a certain deed of conveyance to William Ivey, dated 28th May, 1881 Recorded deed book 33, page 411, etc. Together with the seven acres of land containing the dam or reservoir of said water power as described and conveyed to I. W. McKelvy by William Ivey and wife by deed dated 1st Sept 1882. Recorded in deed book 35, page 354, etc. Said Red Mill property includes three dwellings, barn and outbuildings

NO. 11. (a.)—Share of I. W. McKelvy in estate of Wm. McKelvy, deceased. Undivided one-half interest in piece of land in said Town of Bloomsburg, bounded north by Pennsylvania canal; east by lot formerly of Martin Randall; south by public road (now Ninth street) leading from ferry road to Market street; and west by land of estate of Michael Tracey, containing 3 acres 66 perches, strict measure.

NO. 11. (b.)—Said I. W. McKelvy's share in his father's undivided one-half interest in lot of land in said Town of Bloomsburg, bounded north by east-Third street; east by land now or late of Land Improvement Co.; south by Fifth street and and west by alley parallel with East street and several lots fronting thereon, containing about eighteen acres.

NO. 11. (c.)—Said I. W. McKelvy's share in his father's undivided one-half interest in lot of land in said Town of Bloomsburg, known as the McClure farm, bounded south by Susquehanna river; east by lands of estate of D. J. Waller, of Bloomsburg & Sullivan R. R. Co., Rupert and Bloomsburg R. R. Co., and Bloomsburg Carpet Mill Co.; north by said Carpet Mill Co., Columbia County Agricultural Association, C. B. Sterling, Samuel Giger, Barton and estate of V. Boone, and west by land of estate of V. Boone and lands of Daniel Bryfogle, containing one hundred and twenty-five acres more or less.

NO. 11. (d.)—Said I. W. McKelvy's share in his father's undivided one-half interest in lot of land situate on public road leading from Bloomsburg to Light Street (known as the Fullmer farm) and in the Town of Bloomsburg, aforesaid, bounded by lands of Valentine Kressler, Robert M. Lewis and Elizabeth Ritter, and containing 101 acres, 88 perches, strict measure.

NO. 11. (e.)—Said I. W. McKelvy's share in his father's undivided one-half interest in lot of land near the last described land and in said Town, bounded by land of Samuel Melick and David Lee, Robert M Lewis and Samuel Hamlin, containing 16 acres 102 perches, strict measure.

NO. 11. (f.)—Said I. W. McKelvy's share in his father's undivided half interest in lot of land beginning at a point on the line between the 101 a. 88 p. farm above described and Elizabeth Ritter's land where said line crosses public road leading from Bloomsburg to Light Street, and bounded by said public road and land of said Elizabeth Ritter, containing one acre 132 perches, strict measure, whereon is erected a two-story frame dwelling house.

NO. 11. (g.)—Said I. W. McKelvy's shares in his father's undivided half interest in lot of land in said Town of Bloomsburg, situated on the east side of East street, bounded north by lot of Eli Jones, east by an alley, south by an alley, west by East street; having a front of fifty-three feet three inches on East street and a depth of one hundred and ninety eight feet. Whereon is erected a brick dwelling house.

NO. 11. (h.)—Said I. W. McKelvy's share in his father's undivided half interest in a lot of land in Centre township Columbia county, Pa, bounded south by D. L. & W. R. R. Co., east by land of L. W. Wooley, Lewis Dietterick and H. C. Barton, north by land of John K. Grotz, west by land of Low Brothers and McKelvy, Neal and Freas, containing 2½ acres. Also the ¼ interest or share of I. W. McKelvy in his father's undivided one-fourth interest in adjoining lot of land bounded north by McKelvy and Neal, east by McKelvy and Neal, south by Low Brothers, and west by A. Hagenbuch, containing one quarter of an acre.

NO. 11. (i.)—Said I. W. McKelvy's one-fifth share in father's undivided half interest in the surface of certain lands in Hemlock township, Columbia county, Pa., and one-eighth interest in the iron ore therein, known as the McBride lot, bounded by lands of Hugh McBride, Peter Appleman and Bloomsburg Iron Company, containing 38 acres and 69 perches, strict measure.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. when the property is struck off, fifteen per cent. within thirty days thereafter, and the balance on the first day of October, 1895, with interest on unpaid purchase money from date of possession given.

A. Z. SCHOCH,
Assignee of estate of I. W. McKelvy.

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THE COLUMBIAN

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
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JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H. MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in M. E. Ent's building.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Mrs. Ents building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THOMAS B. HANLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ents' Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. V. WHITE. A. N. YOST.
WHITE & YOST
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

B. FRANK ZARR,
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J. B. McKELVY, M. D.,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Office, North side Main St., below Market,
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DR. J. C. RUTTER,
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SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 208 W. 3d. St.
Until 9 A. M., BLOOMSBURG, PA.
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M.

S. B. ARMENT, M. D.
Office and Residence No. 18. West Fifth
DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND NOSE A SPECIALTY.
OFFICE HOURS, 8 to 10 A.M. 2 to 4 P. M. 7 to 9 P. M. BLOOMSBURG PA.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
—BLOOMSBURG, PA.—
Office and residence in Prof. Waller's House
MARKET STREET
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DR. J. R. EVANS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Treatment of Chronic Diseases a Specialt
Office corner Third and Jefferson streets.
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Office, West First Street,
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Special attention given to the eye and the fitting of glasses.

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THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
Dentistry in all its branches, Work guaranteed as represented. Ether and Gas administered or ELECTRIC VIBRATOR and Local Anæsthetics used for the painless extraction of teeth free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Lockard's Building, 2nd floor, Corner Main and Centre.

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SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
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All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,
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Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
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C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila.	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,502
Penn'a. Phila.....	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,556
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,528,915	1,021,688
Westchester, N. Y.	200,000	1,753,307	426,729
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,786

OFFICE IN I. W. McKELVY'S STORE.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

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(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
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Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP,
FIRE INSURANCE,
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Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
JAMES MCCLOSKEY Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

FARMERS' HOTEL,
Iron Street,
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First-class accommodations for regular and transient boarders. Good stable attached.

IN FRONT OF ALL THE CROWD

That's the position we maintain in the shoe trade. Our shoes are of the best makes, newest styles, all widths, and sold at prices within the reach of all. A fair trial will convince you that our's is the place at which to buy your shoes.

W. C. McKINNEY.

Clarks' Building, Main Street.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FOR SALE.

Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property containing 19 acres and first class buildings with good will in a business worth $1200 to $1500 per year at Willow Grove.

Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach Haven. A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia. Two Country Store Stands in Columbia County and one in Luzerne County. A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of good farm land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ & SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA. tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS FOR JUSTICES and CONSTABLES at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

BADGES. WE ARE PREPARED TO SHOW samples of metal, celluloid, woven and ribbon badges for all kinds of orders and societies, and can have them made to order on short notice. See samples and get prices. Address THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

JUSTICES AND CONSTABLES FEE BILL.—Justices and constables can procure copies of fee bill under the act of 1845, at THE COLUMBIAN office. It is printed in pamphlet form, and is very convenient for reference. It also contains the act of 1889 concerning the destruction of wolves, wildcats, foxes and minks. They will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of 20 cents in stamps. tf.

Sales.

MARCH 12th.—Nathan Smith will sell on his premises in Fishingcreek township, about one mile east from Forks station, on the above named date, six horses, three cows, a bull, a brood sow, and in fact all his farm animals and implements besides his household and kitchen furniture. (See bills.)

MARCH 14.—Eli Kitchen will sell on his premises, near Jerseytown, on date above mentioned, all his farm animals, implements, grain, &c. See bills.

MARCH 14.—G. M. Lemon will sell on his place near Welliversville, in the afternoon of above date a good lot of farm animals and implements. See bills.

March 19.—J. Harry Brittain, agent, will sell household goods, at his residence on Iron Street, two doors below residence of J. S. Williams at 1 o'clock sharp.

MARCH 20.—A. Z. Schoch, assignee of I. W. McKelvy, will sell real estate consisting of the Exchange Hotel, Opera House, store property, Hemlock Mill, and numerous town properties. See advertisement elsewhere in this paper.

B. P. Marcley will sell at public sale in Bloomsburg on Saturday March 9th, at 2 o'clock P. M. a fine dwelling home, and lot 55x195 feet, located on East Street. This will make a pleasant house for some person, as well as a good investment. He will also sell the frame store building on Market square at 4 o'clock of same day.

MARCH 22.—Sarah E. Harmany will sell valuable personal property on her premises in Main township near Jamison's school house, at 10 a. m. It includes a cow, shoats, household goods &c.

FOR RENT.—The two story brick house in Orangeville, known as the Reckett's homestead. Apply to Mrs. C. E. Butler, 36 South Franklin St, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

For Sale.

Six acres of farm land in Hemlock township for one hundred dollars. Buildings in a fair state of preservation. One year's subscription to the COLUMBIAN presented to the first man who calls to buy the same.

GRANT HERRING.

Hotel for Sale.

The owners of Proctor Inn, Jamison City, offer for sale the entire property. It is a four story building with porches entirely around first and second floors. The house is handsomely furnished throughout, and will be sold either with or without the furniture. If not sold with the building the furniture will be sold at public sale. For particulars address Lock Box A., Bloomsburg, Pa. 12-14 tf.

Boarding

And furnished rooms to rent on Main street. Steam, gas, hot and cold water and bath. Apply to Mrs. M. M. Phillips, at Phi lips' Cafe. tf

C. B. Chrisman is doing business at the old stand. While he still deals in fruits and vegetables, he is now driving quite a trade in oysters served as desired. He krows a good article when he sees it, and by serving that kind to his patrons his business is growing nicely. tf.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

Interesting Items From Various Points in the County, Reported by Our Staff of Correspondents.

BENTON.

Orvil McHenry made a business trip up in the mountains on Monday and reports sleighing very poor this side of Central.

T. E. Kennedy of Jamison City, made his friends a visit here on Sunday.

C. F. Mann and wife spent Sunday at Bloomsburg, the guests of Sheriff McHenry.

John Hess of Jonestown, we noticed in town on Monday.

Chas. Appleman painted H. F. Kelchner of the Exchange Hotel a substantial sign. He is an expert with the brush and any one in need of such work, will do well by securing his workmanship, as he has all of the latest improved lettering.

We had a snow and rain storm Monday, which wound up with a cool wave.

Sheriff McHenry was in town on business Monday.

Jack Forbes of Jamison City, accompanied by his lady, visited Benton friends Saturday.

M. F. Brown and wife of Emmons, were in town Saturday doing some trading.

Ben Crossley drove over to Pine Creek Sunday to visit his former home.

Mrs. Sam'l. Krickbaum is on the sick list at this writing. We hope her recovery will be a speedy one.

Wall Hess delivered a large load of hay to Elk Grove Monday.

C. E. Benton and wife arrived here Monday evening. He will reopen his meat market and serve his customers with fresh meat at all seasons.

Mrs. Ben Crossley has been suffering with a severe cold, but at present is getting much better.

Roy Sands has been suffering with the grip, but is able to be out.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

A Local Institute, embracing the townships of Fishingcreek, Mount Pleasant, and Orange, was held in the M. E. Church at Stillwater, on Saturday, Feb. 23d, 1895.

In the absence of Joseph Hidlay, district President, W. W. Evans was elected president, and S. B. Crouse was elected Secretary.

Prof. Wm. Noetling of the Bloomsburg State Normal School conducted the devotional exercises.

Mr. Evans stated the object of the meeting and the benefits to teachers and citizens of meetings for the discussions of educational subjects.

The first regular subject upon the program was primary work. The discussion was opened by the Secretary. He believes that mental arithmetic does not generally receive the attention its importance demands and that written arithmetic, as usually taught, does not yield the discipline it should produce.

Prof. Noetling agreed with Mr. Crouse. He said that because mental, work was neglected, arithmetic had largely become little more than mechanical figure work. The mistake that many teachers still make is to begin number work either with figures or with the names of numbers, instead of numbers themselves. Figures are not numbers; nor is the language of numbers numbers. Numbers originate from numbers of things. In all subjects, whether arithmetic, reading, language, or nature-work, the teaching should begin with the children's experience as a foundation, and they should be *trained* to make their own discoveries, to help themselves No arbitrary rules or definitions should be imposed upon them. They should be taught to discover their own rules and definitions. Any teaching that violates this principle is contrary to the laws of mental development and therefore stunts the growth of the mind. Several others of the teachers expressed their views on the subject under consideration, and their ideas indicated that they are up with the times.

After the discussion closed, a selection was sung by the Stillwater Choir, and the Institute adjourned for dinner.

The afternoon session was opened with a selection by the choir.

The first exercise that followed the singing was a discussion on voluntary and non voluntary attention, opened with a paper by Clinton Herring. The discussion was continued by Robert Pealer and Prof. Noetling, each of whom threw light upon the subject.

The following essays were read: How can we interest our pupils?—Mary Kline. What our children are worth?—Geraldine Conner. The impressions made by a teacher.—Bertha Wright. Temperance.—Myra Wright. Five important habits (a talk).—Wm. W. Evans. Imagination in primary work.—Josie Zarr.

All of the papers, as well as the talk, bore evidence of careful preparation on the part of their authors. Prof. Noetling gave a lecture on general school management. He spoke of the relation of the condition of the school room to the cultivation of taste, to good order, and character formation; of the duties of directors, parents, and teachers, and the necessity of the co operation of teachers and parents. He said that it is true that "as the teacher so is the school," but since the teachers are as the directors who employ them, and the directors as the people who elect them, it is much nearer the truth to say that the schools are as the people who are responsible for them. The lecture was full of valuable thoughts and suggestions.

After singing by the choir, the Question Box was opened, and found to contain the following:

What would you do with pupils who are habitually late?

What would you do with pupils who are in the habit of studying loud?

What shall I do with a mischievous boy who cannot be reached by kindness?

Would you prevent whispering?

What would you do with a pupil who told you a falsehood?

Would you ever resort to corporal punishment?

What should the qualifications of directors be?

Should a teacher proceed with a recitation if some of the pupils are not paying attention?

What would you do with pupils whose tardiness is caused by parents who are not interested in the education of their children?

Should a district school have a library?

Does a teacher have the right to punish a pupil for misconduct on the way to and from school?

How would you prevent pupils from throwing paper upon the floor?

Prof. Noetling answered the questions satisfactorily. Some of the answers had a little of the humorous in them, owing to the anecdotes he related in connection with them.

The last exercise was a very creditable recitation by Daisy McHenry, subject. The Martyred Mother.

On motion of Mr. Herring, a vote of thanks was tendered the choir for the excellent music furnished us, and to the people of Stillwater for their kind entertainment and hospitality.

Owing to other unavoidable business, Supt. W. C. Johnston could not be with us.

Adjourned.

S. B. CROUSE, Sec'y.

Counterfeit Butter.

To illustrate the possibilities in artificial butter-making, or else the undeserved favor it finds with some butter testers we reproduce the following clipping from an exchange:

"Editor Palm played an embarrassing joke on the Pennsylvania State Dairymen's Association. He entered two packages of oleomargarine as butter and took second and third premiums. Oleomargarine thus gets a valuable certificate of good character. The judges were Prof. Warres of the Dairy Department of the State College, A. L. Wales and J. C. McClintock, both prominent dairymen."

Call at the COLUMBIAN office and get a handsome calendar for 1895. We give them away to adults. tf.

COLLARS AND CUFFS that are *waterproof.* Never wilt and not effected by moisture. Clean, neat and durable. When soiled simply wipe off with a wet cloth. The genuine are made by covering a linen collar or cuff on both sides with "celluloid" and as they are the *only* waterproof goods made with such an interlining, it follows that they are the only collars and cuffs that will stand the wear and give satisfaction. Every piece is stamped as follows:

TRADE CELLULOID MARK.

If anything else is offered you it is an imitation. Refuse any but the genuine, and if your dealer does not have what you want send direct to us, enclosing amount and stating size and whether a stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair.

The Celluloid Company,
427-429 Broadway, New York.

The Old-Time Fire.

Talk about your buildin's
That's het up by steam—
Give me the old oak fire
Where the old folks used to dream.

The rickety dog-irons,
One-sided as could be;
The ashes banked with 'taters
That was roastin' there fer me.

The dog on one side, drowsin',
Or barkin' nigh the door;
The kitten cuttin' capers
With the knittin' on the floor.

An' me a little tow-head
By mammy's side at night;
With both my cheeks a-burnin'
From the red flames leapin' bright.

These steam-het buildin's make me
Jest weary for the blaze
That was heap more comfortable
In my childhood's nights an' days.

An' I'd give the finest heater
In the buildin's het by steam,
Fer the old-times chimbly corner
Where the old folks used to dream.

—*Frank L. Stanton.*

Finished His Trade.

On the first of February we should have mentioned the fact that Domer Geisinger had completed his apprenticeship in this office, and is now a full fledged printer, but as he still remains here we lost track of the date, and our attention was not called to it until now. Domer is a son of the late David Geisinger of Espy, and he is an industrious and conscientious young man, as well as a rapid and accurate printer. He is now employed in the job department and is rapidly acquiring proficiency and skill.

Pennsylvania Railroad Report.

The annual report of the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, deals with large figures and shows in a very striking way the effect of business depression. The shrinkage in gross receipts on the entire system of the company was over $16,000,000. But this great loss in revenue was nearly counterbalanced by rigid economies. There was a decreased expenditure of $13,000,000, reducing the net loss to about $3,000,000. It is a triumph of skillful management that under such adverse conditions the company has been able to pay a dividend of 5 per cent. and carry a balance to the credit of profit and loss without an increase of rates for the transportation of passengers or freights. Probably no great railway in the world is more skillfully handled than the Pennsylvania system.—*Ex.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures.

Almost every neighborhood contains some one who has been helped by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mrs. J. Tinley Mullen, of Clearfield, Pa., writes under date of Nov. 28th, as follows: "Last winter our oldest boy had the mumps after which he got cold and it turned to diphtheria. We did not think he could get well, and after he did recover he had not sufficient strength to walk. He had no appetite and we got a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and he began taking it. In three days he was able to eat as well as usual. My husband had catarrh of the throat and the doctors could not relieve him so he took Hood's Sarsaparilla and he has not been troubled since. Last spring I had a pain across my kidneys which troubled me a great deal and I was also afflicted with swelling in my throat: I took two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and a box of Hood's Vegetable Pills, and have no such troubles since.

Make Money in Summer.

During March and April, Wood's College of Business and Shorthand will receive teachers at a special rate in the Business and Shorthand Schools. Over half a thousand students are in actual attendance, ten teachers. Regular students received at any time. Write for catalogue.

H. F. CRUMB, Business Manager. F. E. WOOD, President.

8-1-4t

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named.

NO.	SPECIFIC FOR	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations..	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic....	.25
3	Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods...	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.	.25
20	Whooping Cough.....	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....	.25
28	Nervous Debility.....	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness.....	.25
34	Sore Throat, Quincy, Ulcerated Throat.	.25

"77" DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC FOR GRIP, 25c.

Put up in small bottles of pleasant pellets, just fit your vest pocket.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (Enlarged & Revised,) MAILED FREE. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

SPECIFICS.

FARMERS and FRUIT GROWERS

Send for our FREE Catalogue before ordering your trees for Spring 1895. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apple at $10 to $15 per 100; Pears, Plums and Cherries at $18 to $25 per 100; Peaches at $8 to $12 per 100. Address

J. B. NELLIS & CO., HUBBERTHEN, DUCHESTER, N. Y.

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CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

MARKET SQUARE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

Bloomsburg is fast building up a reputation as a manufacturing town.

And the interest of store-keeping is keeping pace with all other classes of business. Having just returned from the city market, we are now opening our SPRING STOCK, which will more than compare with any of our former stocks for years past. Will only name a few of the special articles: Ladies' muslin underwear, (all new) ladies' calico percale and sateen wrappers, all sizes and prices; ladies' shirt waists, with jackets and capes, will be on sale as soon as the weather suits. A special fine line of black wool dress goods, with all latest in wash dress goods. Our first of April, or moving time goods, are in linens, napkins, towels, table covers, window shades, lace and chenille curtains with poles and fixtures. Hill muslin 6c. Fruit of loom 7c.

☞ FOR THE DRESS MAKERS AND OTHERS, WE ARE ☜ A $900 stock on hand.

Agents for STANDARD PATTERNS. CATALOGUE FREE ON REQUEST.

I. W. Hartman & Son.

SHOES.

Our shoe sales this season have been much larger than ever before, and much larger than we had any reason to expect. And it has been almost impossible to get the shoes fast enough to keep up the sizes, but we now have our stock in shape to suit our increased sales and will be able to please all wanting Good Shoes at Right Prices.

All our other lines are complete and prices right.

W. H. MOORE.

Corner Main and Iron Streets.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING, or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

MAKING NOTES OF SHOES PAYS, for every one wants a good article for a fair price.

TAKE NOTES OF JONES & WALTER'S boots, shoes, and rubber goods. Note their variety. Note their quality. Note their prices.

FOOT NOTES

often contain the most valuable information especially if they tell where to buy the best shoes for the least money. We take pains to secure the best goods and have marked them down to the hard time prices. Our stock cannot be excelled either in quality, variety or price.

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There is a Difference

In Business Colleges, but there are no differences of opinion concerning the necessity of a business education for every young man and woman. WHICH college to select is the question. We claim there are none superior to ours. None of our teachers has had less than eight years of teaching experience. Their pupils LEARN. No college has better facilities or more pleasant surroundings. We court investigation. Let us send you our College Journal. It is free.

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